Water Quality of the Upper West Branch Susquehanna River and Tributary Streams between Curwensville and Renovo, Pennsylvania, May and July 1984

by Robert A. Hainly and James L. Barker

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Water-Resources Investigations Report 90-4011



Lemoyne, Pennsylvania 1993

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

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CONVERSION FACTORS AND ABBREVIATED WATER-QUALITY UNITS

| Multiply | Ву | To obtain | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | <u>Length</u> | | | | | |
| inch (in.) foot (ft) | 25.4 0.3048 | millimeter meter | | | | |
| mile (mi) | 1.609 | kilometer | | | | |
| foot per mile (ft/mi) | 0.1894 | meter per kilometer | | | | |
| | <u>Area</u> | | | | | |
| square mile (mi ²) | 2.590 | square kilometer | | | | |
| | <u>Flow</u> | | | | | |
| cubic foot per second (ft ³ /s) ton per day (ton/d) | 0.02832 907.2 | cubic meter per second kilograms per day | | | | |
| | Flow per Unit Area | | | | | |
| cubic foot per second per squ mile [(ft ³ /s)/mi ²] | o.01093 | cubic meter per second per square kilometer | | | | |
| | <u>Mass</u> | | | | | |
| ton, short | 907.2 | kilograms | | | | |
| | <u>Temperature</u> | | | | | |
| degree Fahrenheit (°F) | °C = 5/9 / (°F-32) | degree Celsius | | | | |

<u>Sea Level</u>: In this report, "sea level" refers to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD of 1929)—a geodetic datum derived from a general adjustment of the first–order level nets of both the United States and Canada, formerly called "Sea Level Datum of 1929."

WATER QUALITY OF THE UPPER WEST BRANCH SUSQUEHANNA RIVER AND TRIBUTARY STREAMS BETWEEN CURWENSVILLE AND RENOVO, PENNSYLVANIA. MAY AND JULY 1984

by Robert A. Hainly and James L. Barker

ABSTRACT

The soils and rocks of the Upper West Branch Susquehanna River basin, from its headwaters downstream for 150 miles, are laden with pyritic materials that have the potential to produce acid mine drainage. The effects of mine drainage are severe, particularly in the reach between Curwensville and Renovo where present water quality cannot support viable populations of benthic macroinvertebrates or fish.

During base-flow periods in May and July 1984, streamflow and water quality were measured at four sites on the West Branch Susquehanna River and near the mouths of 94 tributaries. Water-quality constituents determined were temperature, specific conductance, pH, acidity, alkalinity, and concentrations of dissolved sulfate and the total and dissolved forms of iron, manganese, aluminum, and zinc.

The data collected for the study indicate that the predominant influence on water quality of the tributaries is land use. An area where few or no coal deposits or disturbed area were present was found to have relatively good surface—water quality (median pH was nearly 5.5 units), whereas areas where coal mining was active in the basin, or where large areas of unreclaimed mines were present, were found to have poorest water quality (median pH was generally less than 4.0 units).

In general, Moshannon, Sinnemahoning, Clearfield, and Kettle Creeks were found to be the largest tributary sources of acidity and total-recoverable iron to the river. During the May sampling, Moshannon, Sinnemahoning, and Clearfield Creeks contributed 63 percent of the 365 tons/day of acidity, and Moshannon and Clearfield Creeks contributed 76 percent of the 44.8 tons/day of total-recoverable iron that were discharged to the

river. During the July sampling, Moshannon, Kettle, and Clearfield Creeks contributed 60 percent of the 131 tons/day of acidity, and Moshannon and Kettle Creeks contributed 51 percent of the 6.5 tons/day of total-recoverable iron discharged to the river.

The West Branch Susquehanna River was found to have pH ranging from 5.4 to 6.5 units and specific conductance ranging from 267 to 310 μ S/cm (microsiemens per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius) at the most upstream site at Curwensville. The water quality was most degraded at the site at Karthaus (pH 3.9 to 4.1 units, specific conductance 330 to 610 μ S/cm). Quality gradually improved downstream to the site at Renovo (pH 3.8 to 4.6 units, specific conductance 200 to 392 μ S/cm), although the quality did not recover to that found at Curwensville.

INTRODUCTION

The area drained by the Upper West Susquehanna River. from headwaters downstream for 150 mi (miles), has undergone substantial surface mining for coal. The soils and rocks disturbed by mining are laden with pyritic materials that have the potential to produce acid mine drainage. The of mine drainage are severe. particularly in the reach between Curwensville and Renovo (fig. 1), where present water quality cannot support viable populations of benthic macroinvertebrates or fish. According to a report by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (PaDER)(1981), the acid mine drainage also is responsible for masking other forms of water pollution. Because of the general inaccessibility of the river between Curwensville and Renovo. little is known about the water quality of the numerous small tributaries and their effect on the water quality of the river.

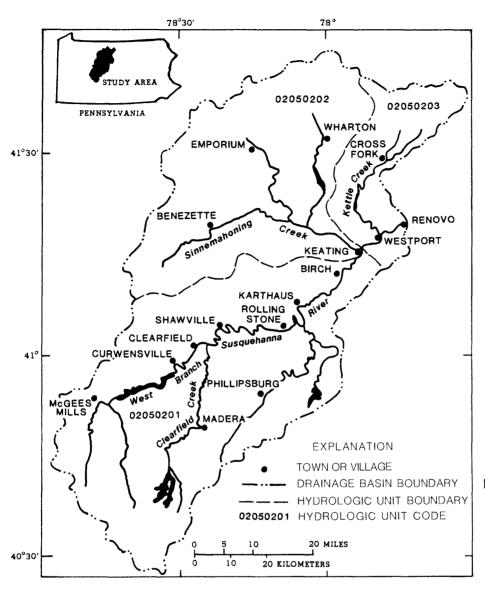


Figure 1.—Major streams, towns, and villages in the Upper West Branch Susquehanna River basin.

Purpose and Scope

This report presents streamflow and water-quality data collected at or near the mouths of 94 tributaries entering the 84-mi reach of the West Branch Susquehanna River between Curwensville and Renovo and at four sites on the river between Curwensville and Renovo in May and July 1984.

In addition to the presentation of instantaneous concentrations of constituents, the instantaneous loads for acidity and total-recoverable iron are computed and presented. These values are used to determine the tributaries' individual and cumulative effect on the water quality of the river.

Previous Studies

Previous water-quality studies of the West Branch Susquehanna River include a cursory report by the Susquehanna River Basin Study Coordinating Committee (1970), a report describing areal coal-hydrology water-quality studies by Herb and others (1983), and a report by Hainly and others (1985) that describes the areal and temporal variability of water quality in the West Branch Susquehanna River using long-term data collected at seven sites. In addition, the PaDER currently operates a water-quality network that includes six of the sites sampled in this investigation.

DATA COLLECTION

During May and July 1984, streamflow and water quality were measured in the Upper West Branch Susquehanna River basin. The sampling program was designed to include a spring and a summer base-flow period. The intent was to sample during flows when acid mine drainage was expected to have the most effect on the water quality of the river. Because of the inaccessibility of the reach investigated, most of the sampling was done by boat. This requirement limited the range of flows at which samples could be collected.

Each of the two sampling periods lasted five days; sampling began at the most upstream site and progressed downstream. Water-quality constituents determined were temperature, specific conductance, pH, acidity, alkalinity, and concentrations of dissolved sulfate and the total and dissolved phases of iron, manganese, aluminum, and zinc. All water-quality and streamflow data are published in the U.S. Geological Survey's annual report (U.S. Geological Survey, 1984).

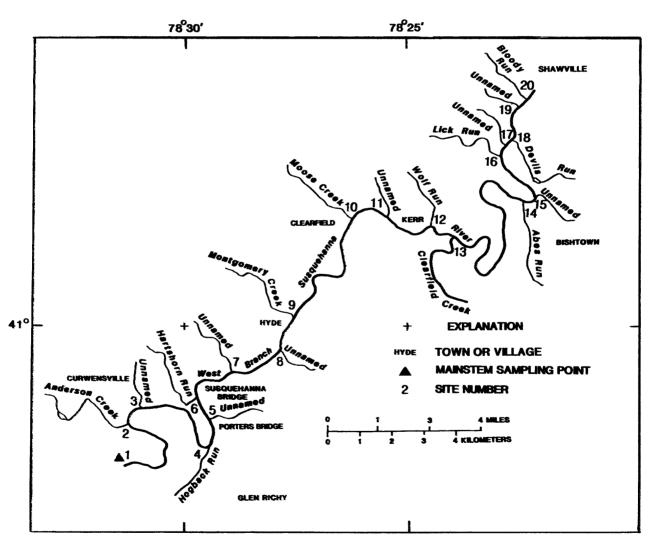


Figure 2.—Location of sampling sites 1 through 20, Curwensville to Shawville.

Sampling Network

All perennial tributaries between Curwensville and Renovo were sampled at or near their mouths. The sample locations included 94 tributary sites and four mainstem river sites (table 1). The drainage areas of the tributaries range from 0.19 to 1,035 mi² (square miles). About one-third of the tributaries have a drainage area less than 1.0 mi² and about two-thirds have a drainage area less than 5.0 mi². Only seven tributaries

have drainage areas greater than 40 mi². The West Branch Susquehanna River at Renovo drains an area of 2,975 mi².

The study reach of the West Branch Susquehanna River has been divided into five 15– to 20–mi segments for ease of illustration. Figure 1 shows the entire study reach and includes major streams and reservoirs, towns, and villages. The five location maps (figs. 2–6) show the 98 sampling sites and some of the larger towns and villages.

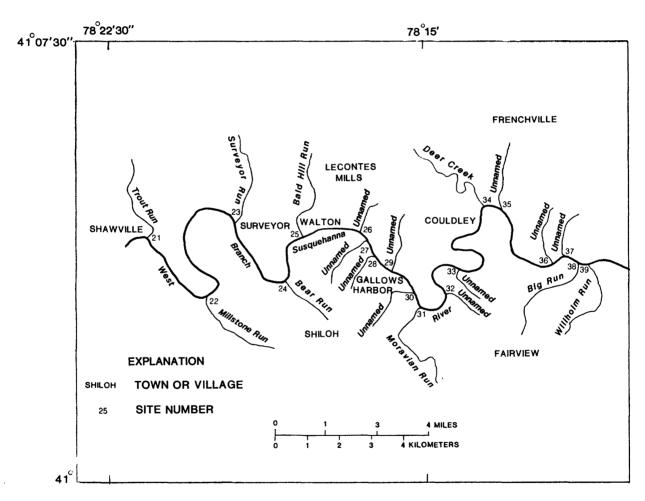


Figure 3.—Location of sampling sites 21 through 39, Shawville to Rolling Stone.

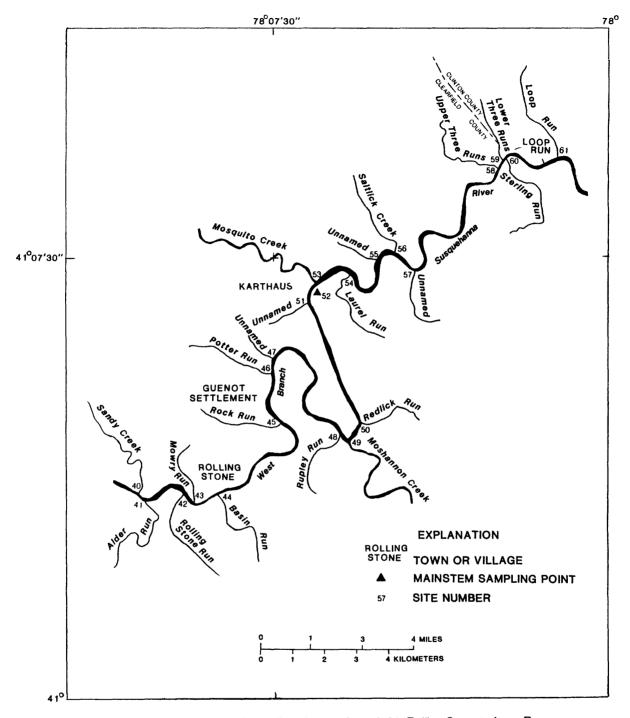


Figure 4.—Location of sampling sites 40 through 61, Rolling Stone to Loop Run.

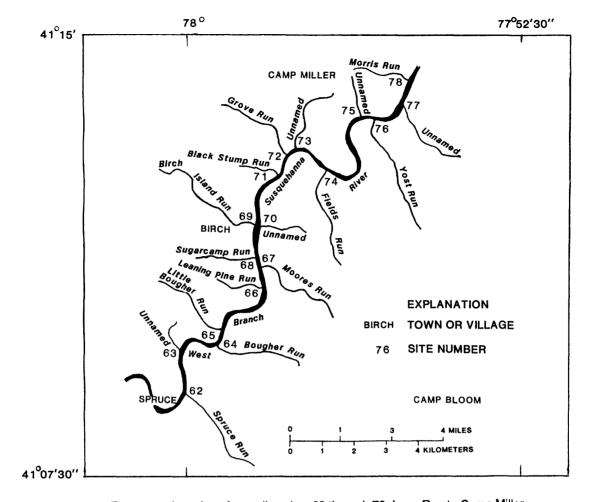


Figure 5.—Location of sampling sites 62 through 78, Loop Run to Camp Miller.

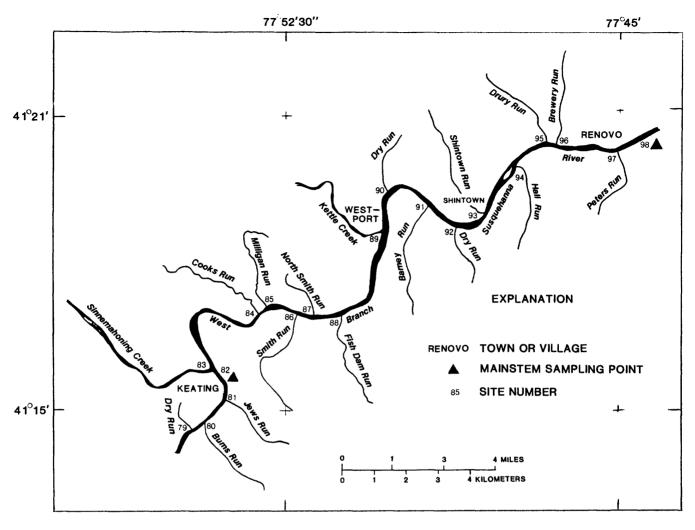


Figure 6.—Location of sampling sites 79 through 98, Camp Miller to Renovo.

Table 1.-List of station names, location, and drainage area

| Site number | Station number | Station name | | location Longitude | Drainage area (square miles) |
|----------------|-------------------|--|-----------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | 01541200 | West Branch Susquehanna River at Curwensville, Pa. | 40°57′41″ | 078°31'10" | 367 |
| 2 | 01541250 | Anderson Creek at Curwensville, Pa. | 40°58'19" | 078°31'16" | 77.8 |
| 3 | 01541253 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Clearfield, Pa' | 40°58'38" | 078°30'58" | .42 |
| 4 | 01541254 | Hogback Run near Glen Richey, Pa. | 40°57'57" | 078°29'26" | 3.25 |
| 5 | 01541255 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Porters Bridge, Pa. | 40°58'24" | 078°28'24" | .61 |
| 6 | 01541257 | Hartshorn Run at Susquehanna Bridge, Pa. | 40°58'46" | 078°29'42" | 4.60 |
| 7 | 01541260 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Susquehanna Bridge, Pa. | 40°59'13" | 0 7 8°28'54" | 2.67 |
| 8 | 01541262 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Hyde, Pa. | 40°59'35" | 078°27'51" | .53 |
| 9 | 01541300 | Montgomery Creek at Hyde, Pa. | 41°00'14" | 078°27'43" | 16.5 |
| 10 | 015413051 | Moose Creek at Clearfield, Pa. | 41°01'49" | 078°26'16" | 12.3 |
| 11 | 015413053 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Kerr, Pa. | 41°01'52" | 078°25'29" | .55 |
| 12 | 015413055 | Wolf Run at Kerr, Pa. | 41°01'42" | 078°24'29" | 1.71 |
| 13 | 01541552 | Clearfield Creek at Clearfield, Pa. | 41°01'29" | 078°23'59" | 393 |
| 14 | 01541555 | Abes Run at Bishtown, Pa. | 41°02'05" | 078°22'24" | 1.69 |
| 15 | 01541556 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Bishtown, Pa. | 41°02'14" | 078°22'05* | .51 |
| 16 | 01541559 | Lick Run near Kerr, Pa. | 41°02'52" | 078°22'58" | 27.5 |
| 17 | 01541560 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River near Shawville, Pa. | 41°03'03" | 078°22'50" | .39 |
| 18 | 01541562 | Devils Run near Shawville, Pa. | 41°03'10" | 078°22'39" | .74 |
| 19 | 01541564 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Shawville, Pa. | 41°03'44" | 078°22'31" | .35 |
| 20 | 01541565 | Bloody Run at Shawville, Pa. | 41°03'50" | 078°22'22" | .79 |
| 21 | 01541700 | Trout Run at Shawville, Pa. | 41°04'09" | 078°21'38" | 41.8 |
| 22 | 01541710 | Millstone Run near Shawville, Pa. | | 078°20'21" | |
| 23 | 01541720 | Surveyor Run at Surveyor, Pa. | 41°04'25" | 078°19'41" | 6.01 |
| 24 | 01541722 | Bear Run at Shiloh, Pa. | | 078°18'32" | |
| 25 | 01541724 | Bald Hill Run at Walton, Pa. | | 078°18'10" | |
| 26 | 01541726 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Lecontes Mills, Pa. | 41°04'16" | 078°16'54" | .62 |
| 27 | 01541727 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River near Lecontes Mills, Pa. | 41°04'06" | 078°16'45' | .40 |
| 28 | 01541728 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River near Gallows Harbor, Pa. | 41°03'50" | 078°16'35' | .29 |
| 29 | 01541729 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River below RR bridge at Gallows Harbor, Pa. | 41°03'36" | 078°16'10' | .58 |
| 30 | 01541730 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Gallows Harbor, Pa. | 41°03'14" | 078°15'43' | 1.58 |
| 31 | 01541733 | Moravian Run at Gallows Harbor, Pa. | 41°02'57" | 078°15'32' | 18.5 |

Table 1.-List of station names, location, and drainage area-Continued

| Site number | Station number | Station name | | location Longitude | Drainage area (square miles) |
|----------------|-------------------|---|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 32 | 01541734 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Gallows Harbor, Pa. | | 078°14'57" | |
| 33 | 01541735 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Coudley, Pa. | 41°03'35" | 078°14'41" | .24 |
| 34 | 01541750 | Deer Creek at Frenchville, Pa. | 41°04'43" | 078°14'07" | 23.6 |
| 35 | 01541751 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Coudley, Pa. | 41°04'39" | 078°13'46" | .89 |
| 36 | 01541752 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River near Fairview, Pa. | 41°03'42" | 078°12'35" | .72 |
| 37 | 01541753 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River near Rolling Stone, Pa. | 41°03'51" | 078°12'22" | .37 |
| 38 | 01541755 | Big Run near Rolling Stone, Pa. | 41°03'40" | 078°12'00" | 3.09 |
| 39 | 01541760 | Willholm Run near Rolling Stone, Pa. | 41°03'41" | 078°11'49" | 1.24 |
| 40 | 01541770 | Sandy Creek at Rolling Stone, Pa. | 41°03'30" | 078°10'34" | 17.3 |
| 41 | 01541850 | Alder Run at Rolling Stone, Pa. | 41°03'20" | 078°10'24" | 24.0 |
| 42 | 01541900 | Rolling Stone Run at Rolling Stone, Pa. | 41°03'29" | 078°09'33" | 1.73 |
| 43 | 01541950 | Mowry Run at Rolling Stone, Pa. | 41°03'20" | 078°09'19" | 1.01 |
| 44 | 01541955 | Basin Run at Rolling Stone, Pa. | 41°03'29" | 078°08'45" | 5.21 |
| 45 | 01541960 | Rock Run near Guenot Settlement, Pa. | 41°04'42" | 078°07'22" | 2.26 |
| 46 | 01541965 | Potter Run near Keewaydin, Pa. | 41°05'32" | 078°07'33" | 1.49 |
| 47 | 01541967 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River near Keewaydin, Pa. | 41°05'46" | 078°07'33" | .42 |
| 48 | 01541970 | Rupley Run near Karthaus, Pa. | 41°04'27" | 078°06'01" | .91 |
| 49 | 01542480 | Moshannon Creek near Karthaus, Pa. | 41°04'21" | 078°05'50" | 274 |
| 50 | 01542490 | Redlick Run near Karthaus, Pa. | 41°04'42" | 078°05'31" | 2.32 |
| 51 | 01542498 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Karthaus, Pa. | 41°06'44" | 078°06'46" | .31 |
| 52 | 01542500 | West Branch Susquehanna River at Karthaus, Pa. | 41°07'03" | 078°06'33" | 1,462 |
| 53 | 01542513 | Mosquito Creek at RR bridge at Karthaus, Pa. | 41°07'33" | 078°06'35" | 71.2 |
| 54 | 01542515 | Laurel Run at Karthaus, Pa. | 41°07'12" | 078°05'48" | 2.80 |
| 55 | 01542517 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna near Karthaus, Pa. | 41°07′27″ | 078°05'14" | .33 |
| 56 | 01542521 | Saltlick Run at Belford, Pa. | 41°07'35" | 078°04'47" | 4.86 |
| 57 | 01542522 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Belford, Pa. | 41°07′16″ | 078°04'21" | 1.08 |
| 58 | 01542523 | Upper Three Runs near Pottersdale, Pa. | 41°09'01" | 078°02'32" | 17.6 |
| 59 | 015425239 | Lower Three Runs near Pottersdale, Pa. | 41°09'11" | 078°02'24" | 8.16 |
| 60 | 01542526 | Sterling Run near Pottersdale, Pa. | 41°09'10" | 078°02'20" | 15.8 |
| 61 | 01542530 | Loop Run at Loop Run, Pa. | 41°09'12" | 078°01'11" | 3.36 |
| 62 | 01542538 | Spruce Run at Spruce, Pa. | 41°08'54" | 078°00'01" | 5.98 |
| 63 | 01542540 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Spruce, Pa. | 41°09'39" | 078°00'09" | .28 |
| 64 | 01542548 | Bougher Run near Birch, Pa. | 41°09'42" | 077°59'19" | 4.10 |
| 65 | 01542550 | Little Bougher Run near Birch, Pa. | 41°10'00" | 077°59'12" | 1.16 |

Table 1.-List of station names, location, and drainage area-Continued

| Site number | Station number | Station name | Station l Latitude I | | Drainage area (square miles) |
|----------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 66 | 01542553 | Leaning Pine Run at Birch, Pa. | 41°10'42" | 0 77 °58'18" | 0.37 |
| 67 | 01542557 | Moores Run at Birch, Pa. | 41°11'04" | 0 77 °58'18" | 1.66 |
| 68 | 01542560 | Sugarcamp Run at Birch, Pa. | 41°11'11" | 077°58'26" | .97 |
| 69 | 01542565 | Birch Island Run at Birch, Pa. | 41°11'45" | 077°58'28" | 17.5 |
| 7 0 | 01542567 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River at Birch, Pa. | 41°11'46" | 077°58'20" | .59 |
| 71 | 01542570 | Black Stump Run at Birch, Pa. | 41°12'38" | 077°57'58" | .38 |
| 72 | 01542575 | Grove Run near Birch, Pa. | 41°12'57" | 077°57'45" | 4.59 |
| 73 | 01542577 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River near Birch, Pa. | 41°13'05" | 077°57'32 " | .80 |
| 74 | 01542588 | Fields Run near Birch, Pa. | 41°12'42" | 0 77 °56'53" | 5.81 |
| 7 5 | 01542598 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River near Camp Miller, Pa. | 41°13'38" | 077°56'07" | .28 |
| 7 6 | 01542603 | Yost Run near Camp Bloom, Pa. | 41°13'34" | 077°55'48" | 7.21 |
| 77 | 01542604 | Unnamed trib. to W. Br. Susquehanna River near Camp Miller, Pa. | 41°13'51" | 077°55'08" | 1.54 |
| 78 | 01542605 | Morris Run near Camp Miller, Pa. | 41°14'15" | 077 °55'01 " | 1.35 |
| 79 | 01542606 | Dry Run near Camp Miller, Pa. | 41°14'41" | 0 77 °54'39" | .19 |
| 80 | 01542607 | Burns Run near Bloody Run Camp, Pa. | 41°14'46" | 0 77 °54 `20 " | 8.06 |
| 81 | 01542608 | Jews Run at Keating, Pa. | 41°15'10" | 0 77 °53'51" | 1.62 |
| 82 | 01542609 | West Branch Susquehanna River at Keating, Pa. | 41°15'40" | 077°54'06" | 1,600 |
| 83 | 01544150 | Sinnemahoning Creek at Keating, Pa. | 41°15'41" | 0 77 °54'10" | 1,035 |
| 84 | 01544210 | Cooks Run near Keating, Pa. | 41°16'39" | 077°53'07" | 25.6 |
| 85 | 01544212 | Milligan Run near Keating, Pa. | 41°16'45" | 077°52'56" | 1.35 |
| 86 | 01544214 | Smith Run near Westport, Pa. | 41°16'38" | 077 °52'13" | 2.61 |
| 87 | 01544216 | North Smith Run near Westport, Pa. | 41°16'38" | 077°51'51" | 1.00 |
| 88 | 01544218 | Fish Dam Run near Westport, Pa. | 41°16'37" | 0 77 °51'14 " | 10.2 |
| 89 | 01545020 | Kettle Creek at Westport, Pa. | 41°18'02" | 077°50'20" | 246 |
| 90 | 01545024 | Dry Run at Westport, Pa. | 41°18'44" | 077 °50'11" | 1.08 |
| 91 | 01545030 | Barney Run at Westport, Pa. | 41°18'28" | 077°49 '1 7 " | 4.92 |
| 92 | 01545035 | Dry Run at Shintown, Pa. | 41°18'06" | 077°48'40" | .90 |
| 93 | 01545045 | Shintown Run at Shintown, Pa. | 41°18'21" | 077°48'03" | 6.95 |
| 94 | 01545065 | Hall Run at Shintown, Pa. | 41°19'07" | 077°47'20" | 10.6 |
| 95 | 01545492 | Drury Run at Renovo, Pa. | 41°19'33" | 077°46'37" | 18.5 |
| 96 | 01545494 | Brewery Run at Renovo, Pa. | 41°19'31" | 077°46'25" | 1.80 |
| 97 | 01545498 | Peters Run at Renovo, Pa. | 41°19'24" | 0 77 °45'04 " | 1.45 |
| 98 | 01545500 | West Branch Susquehanna River at Renovo, Pa. | 41°19'24" | 077°45'02" | 2,975 |

Methods

streamflow All and chemical-quality collected analyzed samples were and according to methods described in the "National Handbook of Recommended Methods for Water-Data Acquisition" (U.S. Department of the Interior, 1977) and "Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations" manuals (Buchanan and Somers, 1969; Skougstad and others, 1979). Depthintegrated samples were taken when the water depths were sufficient to have the potential for vertical stratification. Samples were collected from 3 to 4 verticals along cross-sections of the West Branch Susquehanna River and the larger tributaries and composited for analysis. Samples collected at or near the mouths of smaller tributaries were taken from the middle of the flow.

DESCRIPTION OF STUDY AREA

The study area in north-central includes the West Branch Pennsylvania Susquehanna River basin between Curwensville and Renovo, Pennsylvania. This part of the basin contains about 84 mi of the main stem and drains 2,975 mi² or 43 percent of the basin upstream of Renovo. The main stem flows northeasterly and includes Hydrologic Accounting Units 02050201. 02050202, and part of 02050203 currently in use for managing the U.S. Geological Survey's National Water Data Network.

Physiography

The study area is in the Appalachian Plateau physiographic province (Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources, 1979). The basin covers three sections of the province; the headwaters are in the Allegheny Mountain section, the center of the study area is in the Pittsburgh Plateau section, and the downstream part of the area is in the Allegheny High Plateaus section. The latter section is characterized by flat-topped mountains and deeply-incised streams with steep-walled valleys. The remaining sections of the province have more rounded mountains and the valleys are more open.

Elevations of the mountain tops are generally 2,000 to 2,200 ft (feet) above sea level, but some are as high as 2,500 ft. Valley elevations in the study area range from 1,125 ft at Curwensville to 635 ft at Renovo, Pennsylvania. The average slope of the river from Curwensville to Renovo is 5.8 ft/mi (feet per mile).

Land Use

Land use within the study area is about 87 percent forest, 6 percent agricultural or open land, 3 percent urban and suburban, and 4 percent disturbed by mining and logging operations (Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources, 1979). While the disturbed area is a relatively small part of the total area, it does involve about 105 mi², or slightly more than 67,000 acres. Most of this disturbed area is located near enough to a stream to potentially affect the water quality. Mining and logging activities in the basin today are not nearly as intense as they were at their peak, but the unreclaimed areas affected by these operations remain as a potential source of water-quality degradation.

Geology

The entire basin is underlain of sedimentary rocks Pennsylvanian, Mississippian, and Devonian age. Extensive of minable bituminous associated with the Pennsylvanian-age rocks in the Clearfield and Moshannon Creek basins (fig. 7). These two subbasins drain about three-fifths of the area covered by this study. Bituminous coal in Pennsylvania is classified into three groups by its level of volatility. Low volatile coal is characterized by a low sulfur content, high ash and carbon content, and relatively low marketability. Coal with high volatility has a relatively high sulfur content, low ash and carbon content, and relatively high marketability. The marketability of the coal with high volatility makes it the most desirable, but the sulfur content gives it the most potential for degrading the water quality of surrounding waterways.

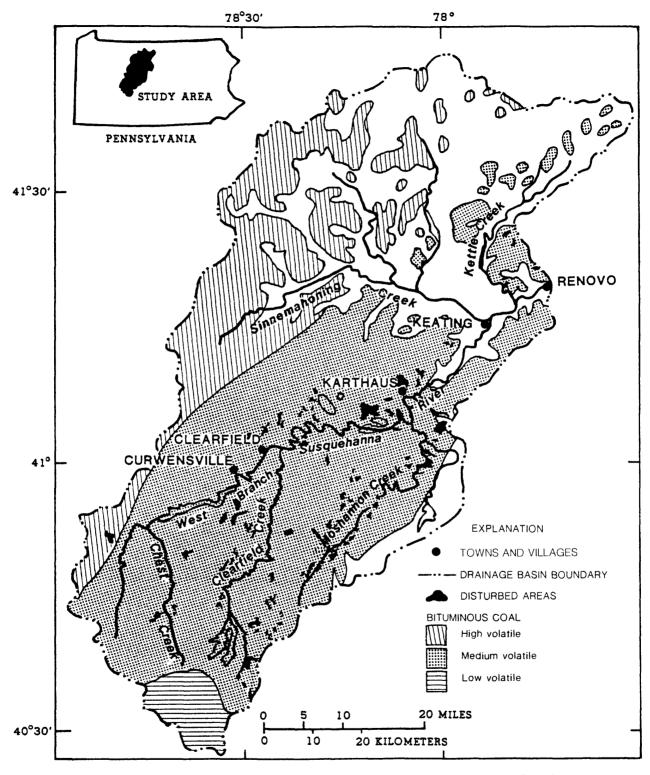


Figure 7.—Coal deposits and disturbed areas in the Upper West Branch Susquehanna River basin.

Hydrology

The U.S. Geological Survey has been operating streamflow-gaging stations on the West Branch Susquehanna River Curwensville, Karthaus, and Renovo for more than 20 years. The gaging station at Renovo has been in operation since 1907. Streamflow data for these and other stations in the West Susquehanna River Branch basin published in the U.S. Geological Survey's annual report (U.S. Geological Survey, 1984). A brief description, and the duration of daily streamflow for the period of record through 1972 (Shaw and Page, 1977) for the three main-stem gaging stations, are presented in table 2.

Four reservoirs are located within the study area (fig. 1). All four are designed primarily for flood—control and recreational purposes, but the quality of the water stored behind the dams and the timing of the release do have an effect on the quality of the West Branch Susquehanna River.

Two reservoirs are located on tributaries of streams that were sampled for this study. Glendale Lake is located on a tributary to Clearfield Creek about 50 stream mi above its mouth. First Fork Sinnemahoning Creek Reservoir is located on First Fork Sinnemahoning Creek, tributary a Sinnemahoning Creek. The reservoir is about 25 stream mi above the Sinnemahoning Creek and the sampling site. A third reservoir, Kettle Creek Lake, is located directly on a sampled tributary about 8.5 mi above the sampling site. The fourth reservoir, Curwensville Lake, is located directly on the West Branch Susquehanna River immediately upstream of sampling site number 1, the West Branch Susquehanna River at Curwensville. A secondary design purpose of this reservoir is the control of water quality.

STREAMFLOW OF THE UPPER WEST BRANCH SUSQUEHANNA RIVER

Hydrographs from the three streamflowgaging stations in the study reach illustrate that streamflow in the basin was somewhat unstable during both sampling periods (fig. 8). The instability was the result of 0.5 in. (inches) of rain during the second and third day of sampling in May and 1.3 in. of rain during the fifth and last day of sampling in July (U.S. Department of Commerce, 1984). The rainfall had minor effect on the streamflows of the tributaries at the time of sampling. The rain that fell during the May sampling period had little or no effect on the river flows. However, in July, the flow sampled at Renovo, the most downstream river site. was substantially by the previous night's rainfall and therefore, did not represent a base-flow condition. The effects of regulation by Curwensville Reservoir are evident in figure 8, especially in May. The change in flow caused by the reservoir release in July occurred too late in the week to affect the river flow or the chemical composition of the samples.

Based on the flow durations for the three river sites with long-term record (table 2), streamflows during the May sampling period were in the 60- to 70-percent-duration range (sampled flows are exceeded 30 to 40 percent of the time) and the July flows were in the 10to 20-percent-duration range (sampled flows are exceeded 80 to 90 percent of the time). The flows sampled were, generally, from the recession portion of the hydrograph. The exceptions were the tributaries and the river site at Renovo which were sampled on the last day of the July period. The unit discharges at Curwensville, Karthaus, and Renovo in May were 4.69, 2.93, and 2.91 (ft³/s)/mi² (cubic feet per second per square mile), respectively. In July, the unit discharges at Curwensville, Karthaus, and Renovo were 0.46, 0.59, and $0.59 \, (ft^3/s)/mi^2$, respectively.

Table 2.-Duration of daily streamflow for long-term record gaging stations on the West Branch Susquehanna River within the study area

[mi, miles; mi², square miles; ft³/s, cubic feet per second]

01541200 WEST BRANCH SUSQUEHANNA RIVER AT CURWENSVILLE

LOCATION.--Latitude 40°57'41", longitude 78°31'10", Clearfield County, on left bank 30 ft downstream from bridge on State Highway 453, 0.85 mi downstream from Curwensville Lake, 1.1 mi south of Curwensville and 1.8 mi upstream from Anderson Creek.

DRAINAGE AREA. -- 367 mi².

TRIBUTARY TO,--Susquehanna River.

AVERAGE DISCHARGE.--17 years, 605 ft³/s.

EXTREMES.--1955-72: Maximum discharge 15,700 ft³/s, March 10, 1964; no flow at times.

DURATION OF DAILY FLOW.--PERIOD: 1956-72.

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, which was equaled or exceeded for indicated percent of time

| Percent | 2 | 5 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 6 0 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 95 | 98 |
|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|----|----|----|
| ft ³ /s | 3,300 | 2,200 | 1,500 | 930 | 610 | 420 | 300 | 220 | 155 | 105 | 64 | 48 | 36 |

01542500 WEST BRANCH SUSQUEHANNA RIVER AT KARTHAUS

LOCATION.--Latitude 41°06'56", longitude 78°06'43", Clearfield County, on the left bank 900 ft upstream from bridge on State Highway 879 at Karthaus, 1,000 ft upstream from Mosquito Creek, and 3.3 mi downstream from Moshannon Creek. Records include flow of Mosquito Creek.

DRAINAGE AREA.--1,462 mi², includes that of Mosquito Creek.

TRIBUTARY TO .-- Susquehanna River.

AVERAGE DISCHARGE.--32 years, 2,417 ft³/s.

EXTREMES.--1918-20, 1940-72: Maximum discharge, 84,300 ft³/s, June 23, 1972; minimum, 100 ft³/s, September 26-27, 1964.

DURATION OF DAILY FLOW,--PERIOD: 1941-72.

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, which was equaled or exceeded for indicated percent of time

| | 8 , | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Percent | t 2 | 5 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 95 | 98 |
| ft ³ /s | 12,000 | 8,200 | 5,800 | 3,700 | 2,600 | 1,800 | 1,300 | 960 | 690 | 460 | 280 | 220 | 170 |

Table 2.-Duration of daily streamflow for long-term record gaging stations on the West Branch Susquehanna River within the study area—Continued

[mi, miles; mi², square miles; ft³/s, cubic feet per second]

01545500 WEST BRANCH SUSQUEHANNA RIVER AT RENOVO

LOCATION.--Latitude 41°19'28", longitude 77°45'03", Clinton County, on right bank at abandoned Eighth Street bridge abutment at South Renovo, 1 mi upstream from Paddy Run.

DRAINAGE AREA. -- 2,975 mi².

TRIBUTARY TO.--Susquehanna River.

AVERAGE DISCHARGE.--65 years, 4,881 ft³/s (adjusted for storage since October, 1961).

EXTREMES.--1895-1903, 1905-1972: Maximum discharge, 236,000 ft³/s, March 18, 1936; minimum, 80 ft³/s, December 6, 1965.

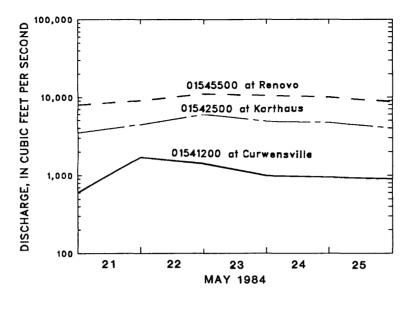
REMARKS.--Flow regulated by First Fork Sinnemahoning Creek and Alvin R. Bush Reservoirs. Flow regulated since 1965.

DURATION OF DAILY FLOW .-- PERIOD: 1908-55.

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, which was equaled or exceeded for indicated percent of time Percent 2 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 95 98 ft^3/s 26,000 17,000 12,000 7,400 5,000 3,500 2,500 1,800 1,200 680 400 270 190

DURATION OF DAILY FLOW .-- PERIOD: 1956-72.

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, which was equaled or exceeded for indicated percent of time Percent 2 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 95 98 ft³/s 24,000 16,000 11,000 7,300 5,000 3,400 2,400 1,800 1,200 750 440 320 230



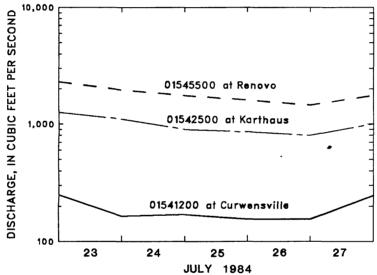


Figure 8.—Streamflow hydrographs at the gaging stations on the West Branch Susquehanna River, May 21–25 and July 23–27, 1984.

WATER QUALITY

The water quality of the tributaries and the West Branch Susquehanna River was evaluated by comparing the recommended limits for in-stream water quality used in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the measurements of pH and acidity and totalrecoverable iron concentrations made during this study. The individual and cumulative effects of the tributaries on the water quality of the river was determined using acidity and total-recoverable iron loads. The relative effect of each tributary must be based on the load it discharges to the river in comparison to the load already being transported by the river at the mouth of the tributary. The comparison of concentrations for this purpose inappropriate because of the large range of tributary drainage and water areas discharges.

Constituent Concentrations

Extensive surface mining of medium— and high-volatile bituminous coal throughout the Upper West Branch Susquehanna River basin (fig. 7) has resulted in the degradation of water quality in the river (Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources, 1981). Although acid mine drainage is the major cause of degradation, it also is responsible for masking the effects of other forms of water pollution, such as sewage effluent and industrial wastes.

Specific standards for in-stream water quality for the West Branch Susquehanna River, as outlined by the PaDER (1984) are listed below:

| Constituent | PaDER recommended limit |
|---------------------------------|--|
| рН | not less than 6.0 units and not more than 8.5 units |
| alkalinity as CaCO ₃ | not less than 20 mg/L (milli- grams per liter), except where natural conditions are less |
| total-recoverable iron | not more than 1,500 μg/L (micrograms per liter) |
| total-recoverable manganese | not more than 1,000 mg/L |
| sulfate | not more than 250 mg/L |
| | |

not more than 750 mg/L.

total dissolved solids

Generally, recommended limits for one or more of the constituents are exceeded in those surface waters affected by acid mine drainage.

Specific measurement values concentrations for each tributary for all the constituents analyzed can be found in table 3 (located at the end of the report). Because the standards established by the PaDER are based on total-recoverable concentrations, they were measured in this study and are used in the analysis of data. Dissolved following concentrations also were determined and are presented in table 3. Total-recoverable concentrations include the concentration of the constituent in both the suspended and dissolved phases. The following paragraphs describe the water quality of the 94 tributaries and four main-stem river sites in May and July 1984. The comparative water quality of the sites is shown by relating the measured pH, and concentrations of the acidity as CaCO3 and total-recoverable iron, to PaDER standards for in-stream water quality. The tributary sites are described in groups using segments of the West Susquehanna River previously described and shown in figures 2-6.

Tributaries

Figures 9 and 10 show the water quality of sites 2 through 20 in May and July 1984, respectively. The areas drained by each of the tributaries are shown in table 1. The drainage areas of sites 2 through 20 range from 0.35 to 393 mi². In May, the pH measured at 13 of the 19 sites was below the recommended limit of 6.0; in July pH values less than 6.0 were measured at 11 of the sites. The pH measurements ranged from 3.2 to 7.9 in May and from 2.9 to 7.4 in July. The median pH values for May and July for stations 2 through 20 were 5.4 and 5.7, respectively.

The bar graphs for acidity and total-recoverable iron for both months indicate very little variability among the sites, except for sites 12 through 15. In May, all sites except sites 12, 14, and 15 had acidity concentrations less than or equal to 30 mg/L and total-

recoverable iron concentrations less than 1,100 μ g/L. Acidity concentrations for sites 12, 14, and 15 were 263, 164, and 119 μ g/L, respectively. Total–recoverable iron concentrations during the same period were 56,000, 4,400, 2,800, and 1,900 μ g/L for sites 12, 13, 14, and 15, respectively.

In July, a pattern similar to that of May was found. At sites 12, 14, and 15, the acidity concentrations measured were 497, 223, and 243 mg/L, respectively. Concentrations at the other 16 sites were 50 mg/L or less. Sites 12, 14, and 15 were the only sites in the group that exceeded the recommended concentration limit for iron. 1.500 μg/L. Concentrations measured at these three sites were 110,000, 2,200, and 2,800 μ g/L, respectively. The median concentrations of total-recoverable iron determined from tributaries along this segment of the river in May and July were 620 and 480 µg/L, respectively.

Figures 11 and 12 indicate the levels of pH. acidity, and total-recoverable iron found at sites 21 through 39 in May and July 1984. The drainage areas of the tributaries sampled along this river segment ranged from 0.24 to 41.8 mi². As the figures indicate, the pH values of nearly all of the tributaries were below the recommended limit of 6.0. Only at sites 25 and 38 was the pH greater than 6.0. In May, the minimum pH (3.2) was measured at site 26, the maximum pH (7.2) was measured at site 25, and the median pH for this group of tributaries was 4.2. In July, a similar pattern was found. The minimum pH (3.0) was measured at site 28, the maximum pH (6.2) was measured at site 38, and the median pH for this group of sites was 3.9. In July, site 33 had no flow.

The high and low acidity values measured at the sites along this segment were generally coupled with low and high pH measurements. In May, the maximum acidity measured was 199 mg/L at site 26 (where the minimum pH was measured). The minimum acidity measured (0 mg/L) was found at site 38, one of the two sites where the pH exceeded 6.0. Samples at four other sites had acidity values equal to 5 mg/L. The median acidity measured at the tributaries along this segment was 15

mg/L. In July, the maximum acidity measured was at site 24 (844 mg/L). A value of 5 mg/L (the minimum) was measured at sites 32, 38, and 39. The median acidity concentration measured in July from this group of tributaries is 104 mg/L.

Nearly all of the total-recoverable iron concentrations determined for the 19 sites in May and July were less than the 1,500 µg/Llevel recommended by PaDER. In May, 5 sites had concentrations greater than 1.500 ug/L. The maximum concentration (8,600 µg/L) was measured at site 24. In July, concentrations exceeded 1,500 µg/L at 7 sites. The maximum concentration measured in July 19,000 µg/L and was again found at site 24. The median iron concentrations measured in May and July along this segment were 660 and 640 µg/L, respectively.

The water quality of the tributaries sampled along segment 3 (site numbers 40 through 51 and 53 through 61) is indicated by the constituent measurements shown in figures 13 and 14. In both May and July, pH exceeded 6.0 at only one site (site 58). The minimum pH measured in May was 3.0; in July, 2.8. The median pH measurements at this group of tributaries in May and July were 3.8 and 3.4, respectively.

Although the pH of these streams was low, indicating a rather high hydrogen-ion activity, the concentrations of acidity as CaCO3 that were measured were relatively low. The maximum concentration measured in May was 323 mg/L; in July, the maximum concentration was 397 mg/L. The medians of the acidity concentrations measured in May and July were 55 and 154 mg/L, respectively. The total-recoverable iron concentrations measured in segment 3 were some of the highest sampled. The maximum concentration determined in May was 20,000 µg/L; in July, the maximum concentration was 25,000 µg/L. Concentrations were less than the 1.500 ug/L recommended limit at only 5 of the 21 sites in May and 8 of the sites in July. The median concentrations for both May and July were $3,000 \, \mu g/L$.

Figures 15 and 16 indicate that, compared to the previous three groups of tributaries, the streams along this segment have better quality water. Even though 7 of the 17 tributaries had a pH less than 6.0, the minimum pH value in May was 4.9, and pH exceeded 6.5 at seven sites. In July, 5 of the sites were dry. Of the remaining 12 sites, the minimum pH measured was 4.6 and the maximum was 7.2. The median pH for May and July was 6.4 and 5.1, respectively.

The area drained by the tributaries in this segment is relatively free of coal deposits and only slightly disturbed by logging operations. The absence of acid mine drainage in the area is indicated by the low concentrations of acidity and total-recoverable iron found in the tributaries that enter the river between the towns of Birch and Keating. In May and July, acidity was not measurable at several sites; the maximum acidity concentration was 10 mg/L at sites 62 and 71. The median acidity concentration for both sampling periods was 5 mg/L. recoverable iron concentrations also were relatively low. The maximum concentration measured in this group of tributaries was 420 mg/L and concentrations less than 100 mg/L were measured at several sites. The median total-recoverable iron concentrations measured in May and July were 200 and 90 µg/L, respectively. The water quality of this group of tributaries, because of the relatively undisturbed condition of the area, is assumed to reflect the "natural" water quality of the basin.

The final group of tributaries drains an area that is not completely disturbed by coalmining activities. The water quality of several of the tributaries suggests that drainage from undisturbed areas and a few of the tributaries in the group contain water-quality constituents at concentrations indicative of a strong influence from acid mine drainage (figs. 17 and 18). The first four tributaries in the group, and most of the last ten tributaries have a pH of 4.0 to 7.8 units. Acidity concentrations generally are less than 30 mg/L and total-recoverable iron concentrations are less than 700 µg/L (most are less than 200 µg/L).

Three tributaries that enter the river near the villages of Keating and Westport (sites 84. 85, and 87), had pH and concentrations of acidity and total-recoverable iron that indicate a substantial influence of acid mine drainage. pH in all three was less than 4.0, and at one site was 2.8 and 2.7 in May and July, respectively. Acidity concentrations were not abnormally high. compared to tributaries that were affected by acid mine drainage. The maximum acidity concentration measured at the three sites was 477 mg/L; the minimum was 25 mg/L. Total-recoverable iron concentrations at site 85 were 46,000 and 19,000 µg/L in May and July, respectively. Site 87 was the least affected of the three tributaries: total-recoverable iron concentrations were 440 and 420 ug/L in May and July, respectively.

maximum acidity and total-The recoverable iron concentrations measured during the two sampling periods were found at sites with drainage areas of less than 26 mi². During the May sampling period, the maximum acidity concentration measured was 477 mg/L at site 85, which has a drainage area of 25.6 mi². The next two highest values in May, 323 and 263 mg/L, were measured at sites with drainage areas of 1.49 and 1.71 mi², respectively. The three highest totalrecoverable iron concentrations measured in May were 56,000, 46,000, and 20,000 µg/L. They were measured at sites 12 (1.71 mi²), 85 (25.6 mi²), and 46 (1.49 mi²), respectively.

In July, some of the same tributaries had the highest concentrations. The maximum acidity concentration of 844 mg/L was measured at site 24, which has a drainage area of 1.08 mi². The next two highest concentrations, 546 and 497 mg/L were measured at sites 35 and 12, which have drainage areas of 0.89 and 1.71 mi², respectively. The maximum total-recoverable iron concentration measured in July was 110,000 μ g/L at site 12 (1.71 mi²). The next two highest concentrations (25,000 and 20,000 μ g/L) were in tributaries with drainage areas of 24.0 and 1.49 mi² (sites 41 and 46).

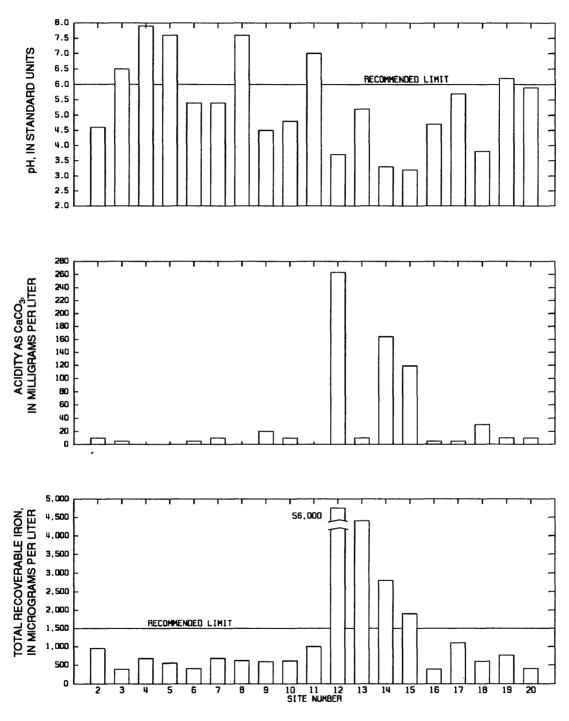


Figure 9.—Measurements of pH and acidity and total-recoverable iron concentration at sampling sites 2 through 20, May 1984. (Limits shown are those recommended by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources for in-stream water quality.

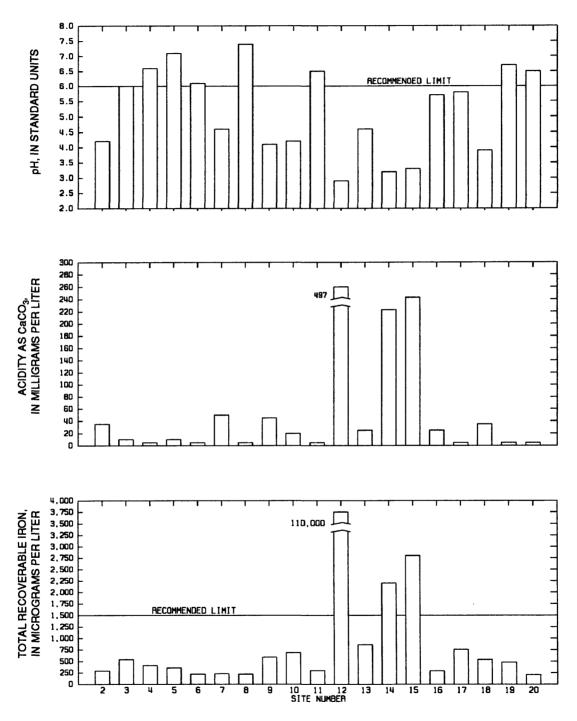


Figure 10.--Measurements of pH and acidity and total-recoverable iron concentration at sampling sites 2 through 20, July 1984. (Limits shown are those recommended by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources for in-stream water quality.

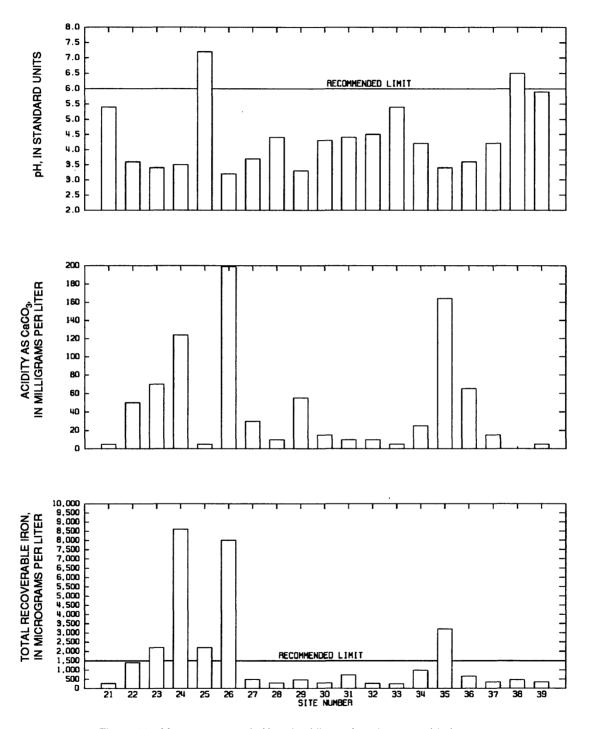


Figure 11.--Measurements of pH and acidity and total-recoverable iron concentration at sampling sites 21 through 39, May 1984. (Limits shown are those recommended by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources for in-stream water quality.

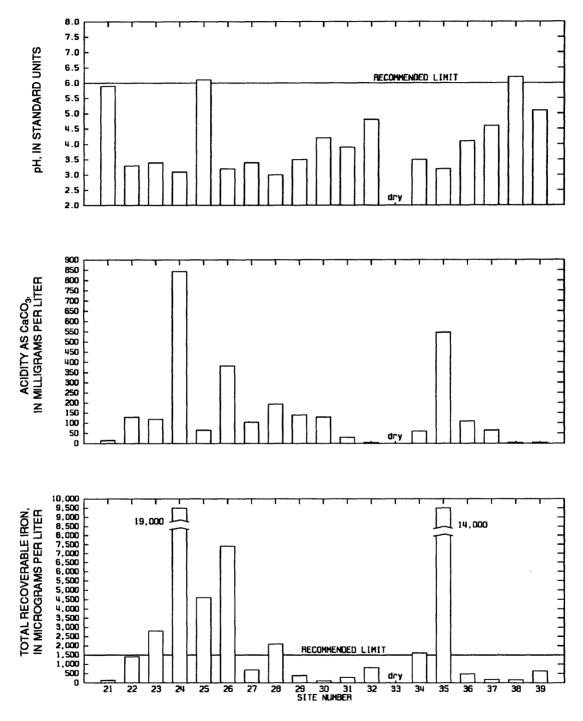


Figure 12.--Measurements of pH and acidity and total-recoverable iron concentration at sampling sites 21 through 39, July 1984. (Limits shown are those recommended by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources for in-stream water quality.

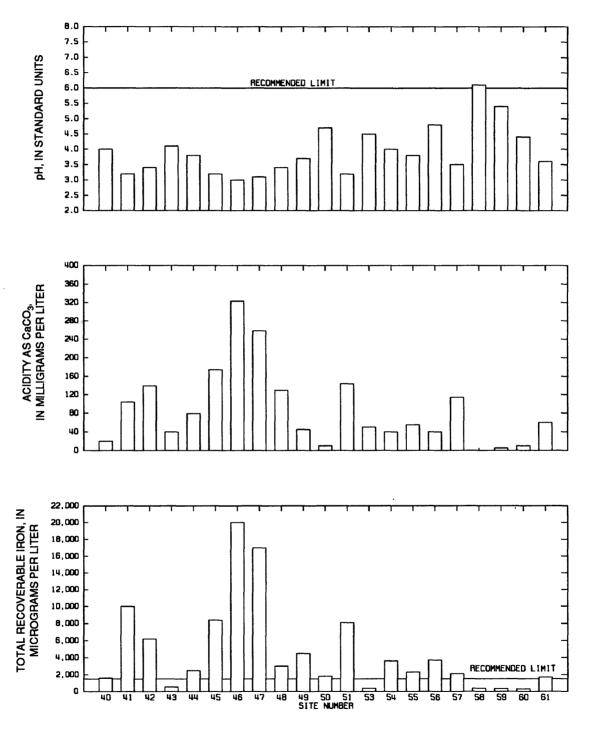


Figure 13.--Measurements of pH and acidity and total-recoverable iron concentration at sampling sites 40 through 51 and 53 through 61, May 1984. (Limits shown are those recommended by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources for in-stream water quality.

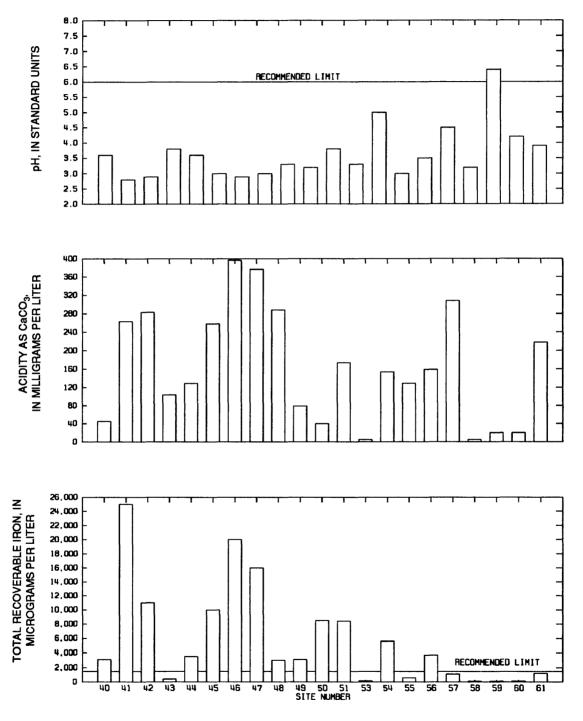


Figure 14.--Measurements of pH and acidity and total-recoverable iron concentration at sampling sites 40 through 51 and 53 through 61, July 1984. (Limits shown are those recommended by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources for in-stream water quality.

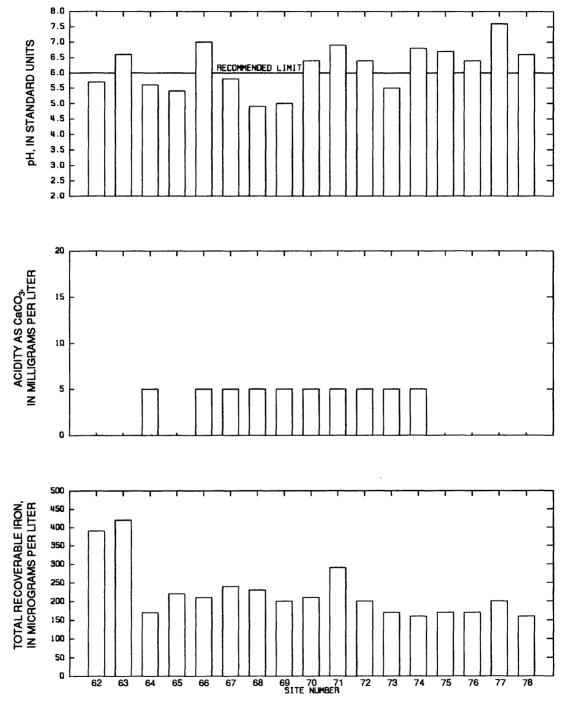


Figure 15.--Measurements of pH and acidity and total-recoverable iron concentration at sampling sites 62 through 78, May 1984. (Limits shown are those recommended by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources for in-stream water quality.

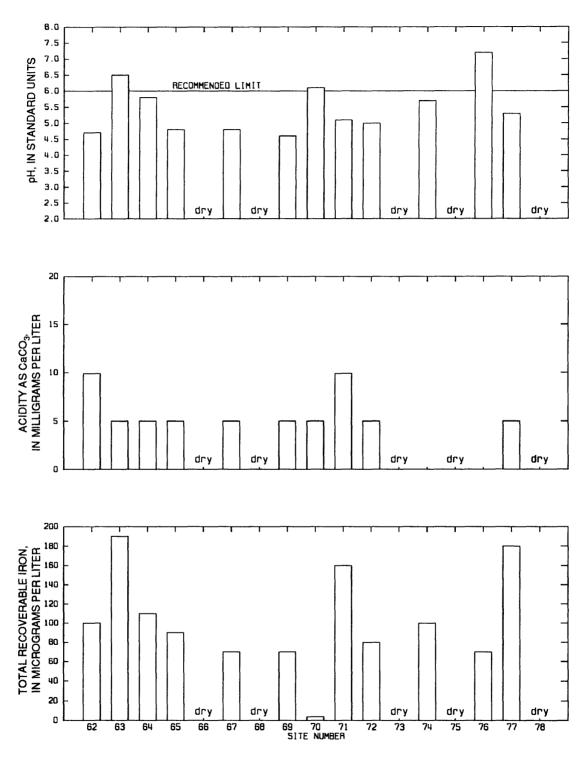


Figure 16.--Measurements of pH and acidity and total-recoverable iron concentration at sampling sites 62 through 78, July 1984. (Limits shown are those recommended by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources for in-stream water quality.

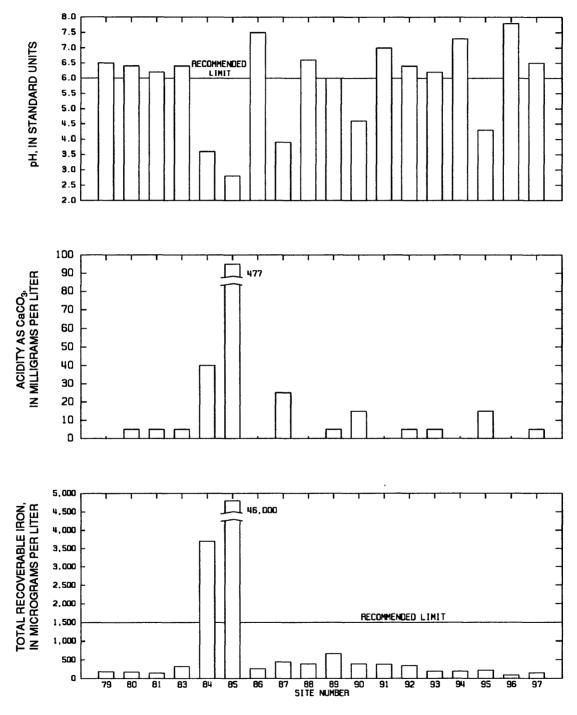


Figure 17.--Measurements of pH and acidity and total-recoverable iron concentration at sampling sites 79 through 81 and 83 through 97, May 1984. (Limits shown are those recommended by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources for in-stream water quality.

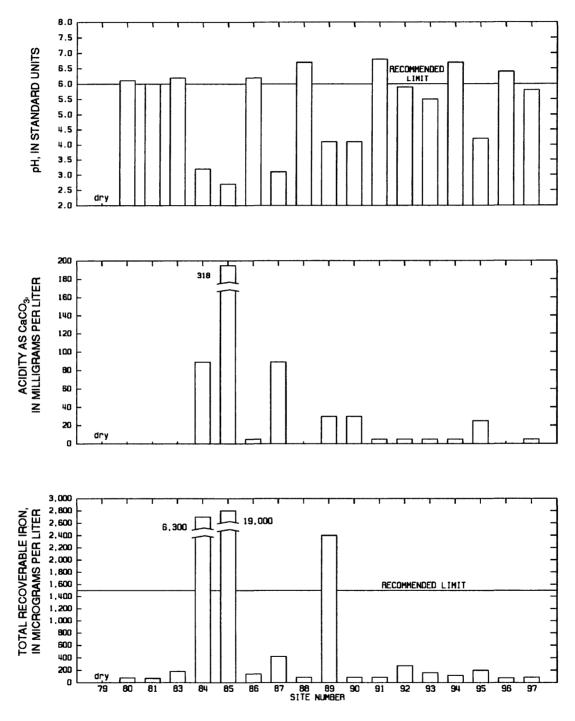


Figure 18.--Measurements of pH and acidity and total-recoverable iron concentration at sampling sites 79 through 81 and 83 through 97, July 1984. (Limits shown are those recommended by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources for in-stream water quality.

West Branch Susquehanna River

pH and concentrations of acidity and total-recoverable iron in the mainstem of the river in May and July are shown in figure 19. pH ranged from 6.5 to 3.8, acidity concentrations ranged from 5 to 30 mg/L, and total-recoverable iron concentrations ranged from 190 to 1,900 μ g/L. The water quality of the reach of the river covered by this study was found to be the best at Curwensville and the worst at Karthaus; water quality gradually improved to Renovo, the most downstream site.

Table 4 is a summary of selected waterquality constituents measured at the sites on the West Branch Susquehanna River. Of the eight pH measurements at the four sites, only one meets the PaDER recommended limit of not less than 6.0 units (the site at Curwensville in May). Total-recoverable iron concentrations at all sites recommended limit except at the site at Karthaus in May. In addition, the alkalinity concentrations at Curwensville in May and July met the recommended limit of 20 mg/L. The table also indicates the pattern of waterquality change in the river described in the previous paragraph.

Constituent Loads

concentrations of Although various constituents are important from the regulatory standpoint, determination of the relative effect of the tributaries on the water quality of the river requires an examination of the constituent load. The calculation of load includes the constituent concentration and the instantaneous streamflow at the time of sample collection. The following section compares the tributaries and presents the calculated acidity and total-recoverable iron loads for the May and July samples. As will be shown, the most influential variable in the load calculation is streamflow. Generally, the maximum loads received from tributaries are from those with the maximum concentrations, but those with the greater streamflow.

Tributaries

Figures 20 and 21 show the acidity loads calculated from the May and July samples. During the May sampling period, about 365 tons/day of acidity were discharged to the

West Branch Susquehanna River by its tributaries. Five of the tributaries had acidity loads greater than 10 tons/day. They were site numbers 13, 41, 49, 53, and 83. Combined. these tributaries contributed 283 tons/day of acidity to the West Branch Susquehanna River, 78 percent of the total load. The remaining 89 tributaries contributed 82 tons/day collectively. The three largest acidity contributors of were site Moshannon Creek (141 tons/day): site 83. Sinnemahoning Creek (45.5 tons/day); and site 13, Clearfield Creek (44.6 tons/day). Combined. these tributaries contributed 63 percent of the total acidity load. The median streamflow and acidity load for the May samples were 5.5 ft³/s (cubic feet per second) and 0.18 ton/day.

During the July sampling period, about 131 tons/day of acidity were discharged by the tributaries. Sites 13, 41, 49, 84, and 89 had acidity loads greater than 5 tons/day and were the major contributors. Combined, these sites provided 92 tons/day of acidity, 70 percent of the total load. The three largest contributors were site 49, Moshannon Creek (41 tons/day); site 89, Kettle Creek (21.8 tons/day); and site Clearfield Creek (15.5 tons/day). these tributaries Combined. contributed 60 percent of the total acidity load. The median streamflow and acidity load in July were $2.9 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$ and 0.07 ton/day.

Figures 22 and 23 show the totalrecoverable iron loads computed from the samples taken in May and July, respectively. As was found with the acidity loads, a relatively small number of tributaries provide the majority of the total load to the river. During the May sampling period, sites 13, 41, 49, 83, and 89 had loads greater than 1.0 tons/day and provided 39.8 tons/day. or 89 percent, of the total 44.8 tons/day of totalrecoverable iron. Site 13, Clearfield Creek, and site 49, Moshannon Creek, contributed 19.8 tons/day, respectively. Their 14.1 combined load represented 76 percent of the total.

During the July sampling period, sites 13, 41, 49, 84, and 89 had loads greater than 0.5 ton/day and provided 5 tons/day, or 77 percent, of the total 6.5 tons/day of total-recoverable iron. Site 89, Kettle Creek, and site 49, Moshannon Creek, contributed 1.7 and 1.6 tons/day, respectively. Their combined load represented 51 percent of the total. The median total-recoverable iron load for both sampling periods was 0.01 ton/day.

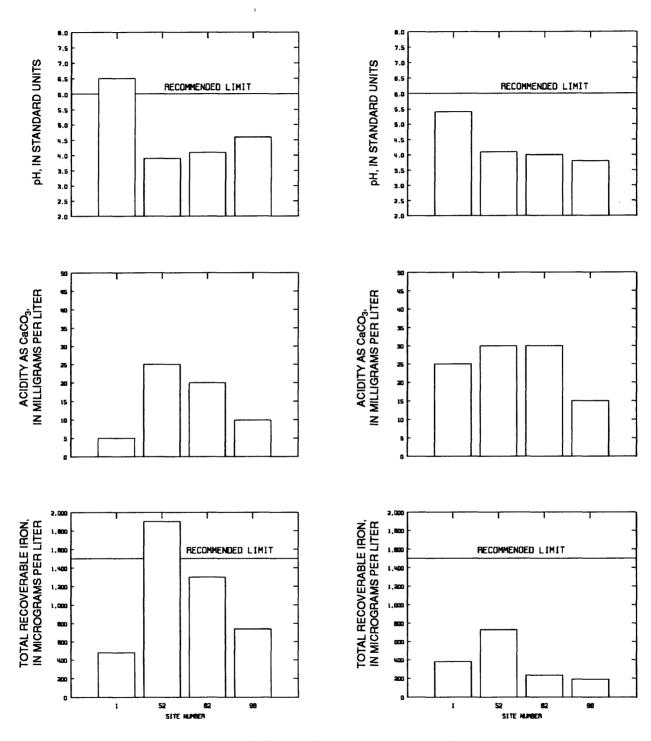


Figure 19.--Measurements of pH and acidity and total-recoverable iron concentration at sampling sites on the West Branch Susquehanna River, May and July 1984.

Table 4.-Summary of selected water-quality data collected from the West Branch Susquehanna River, May and July 1984

[μg/L, micrograms per liter; mg/L, milligrams per liter; μS/cm, microsiemens per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius]

| | | | 띥 | Specific | Acidity | Alkalinity | Total recoverable | Total recoverable | Total recoverable | Total recoverable | Dissolved |
|------------------|----------------|---------|---------------------|------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Sampling site | Site number | Date | (standard units) | conductance (µS/cm) | - | (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | tron (μg/L) | manganese (μg/L) | aluminum (µg/L) | zinc (µg/L) | sulfate (mg/L) |
| | • | .0 | L | 100 | L | G | 007 | C L | | Č | ā |
| Curwensville | - | May 21 | 6.5 | 797 | 5.0 | 57 | 480 | 320 | 100 | 25 | 91 |
| Karthaus | 25 | May 23 | 3.9 | 330 | 25 | 0 | 1,900 | 2,300 | 1,700 | ^a 180 | 140 |
| Keating | 83 | May 25 | 4.1 | 310 | 20 | 0 | 1,300 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 120 | 120 |
| Renovo | 86 | May 25 | 4.6 | 200 | 6.6 | 0 | 740 | 006 | 006 | 80 | 72 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Curwensville | 1 | July 23 | 5.4 | 310 | 25 | 3 6 | 380 | 390 | 200 | 10 | 110 |
| Karthaus | 52 | July 25 | 4.1 | 019 | 30 | 0 | 730 | 4,100 | 3,000 | ^a 220 | 300 |
| Keating | 83 | July 26 | 4.0 | 735 | 30 | 0 | 230 | 4,000 | 2,400 | 220 | 250 |
| Renovo | 98 | July 27 | 3.8 | 392 | 15 | 0 | 190 | 2,600 | 2,100 | 140 | 160 |

^a Dissolved zinc, in mg/L; total recoverable concentration not available.

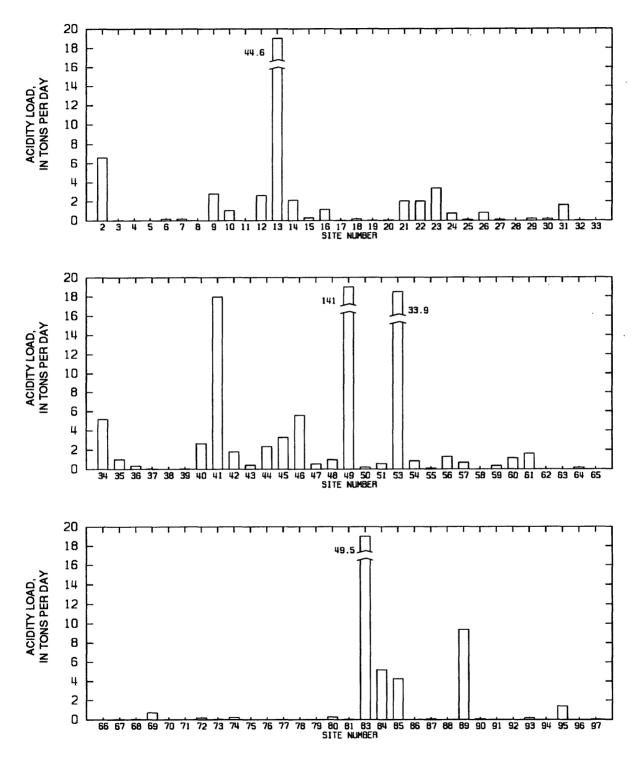


Figure 20.--Acidity load at tributary sampling sites, May 1984.

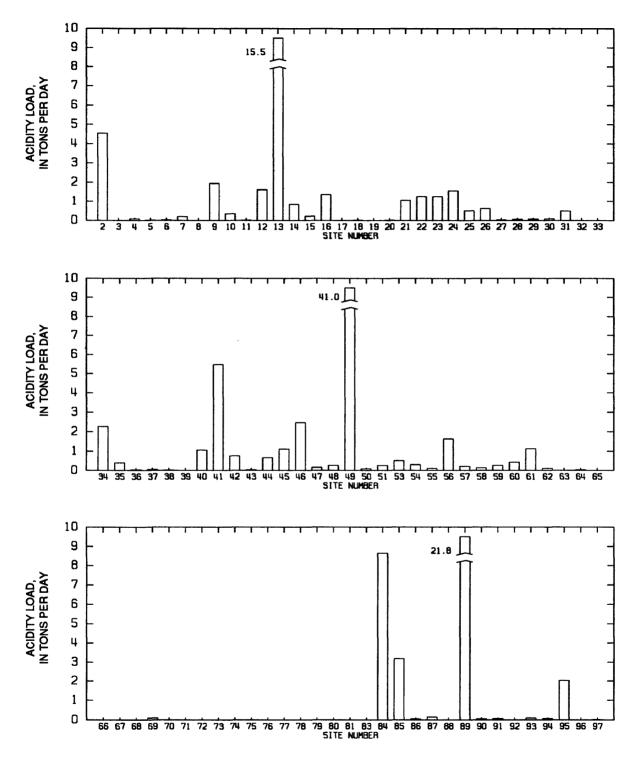


Figure 21.--Acidity load at tributary sampling sites, July 1984.

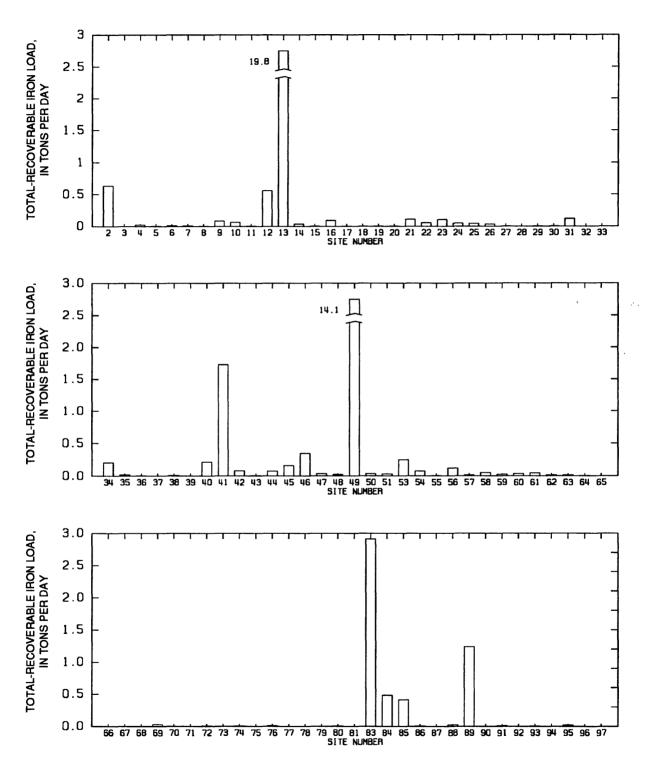


Figure 22.--Total-recoverable iron load at tributary sampling sites, May 1984.

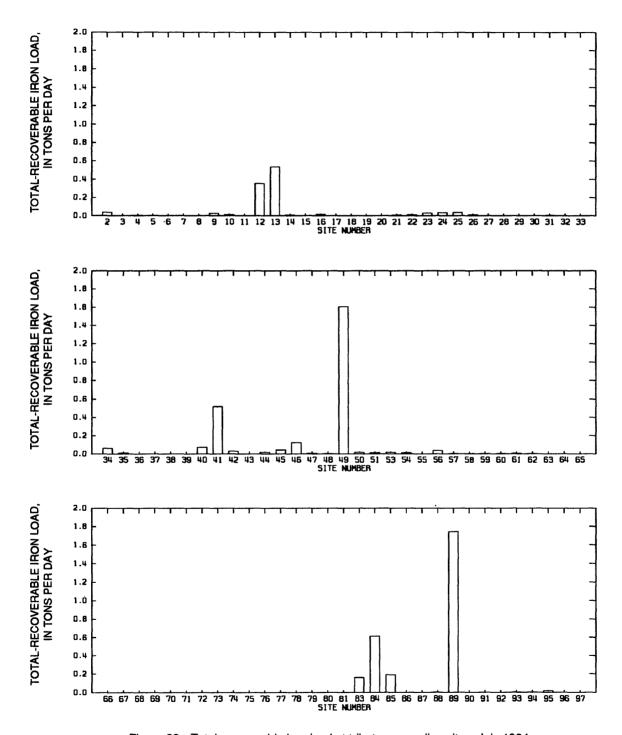


Figure 23.--Total-recoverable iron load at tributary sampling sites, July 1984.

EFFECT OF WATER QUALITY OF TRIBUTARIES ON THE WATER QUALITY OF THE UPPER WEST BRANCH SUSQUEHANNA RIVER

Figure 24 shows the cumulative tributary acidity and total-recoverable iron loads and the instantaneous loads sampled in the river in May. The figure has a dual purpose: (1) to indicate tributaries (and the areas they drain) where the quality of the water discharged by the tributary has little or no effect on the quality of the river, and (2) to indicate how a simple accumulation of the loads contributed by the tributaries compares to the instantaneous loads found at specific sites on the river.

The tributaries that have little or no effect on the water quality of the river are indicated by the areas covered by the relatively horizontal lines on both of the graphs. In general, the areas (and tributaries) that had little effect on the quality of the river in May were sites 2 through 11, 14 through 40, 50 through 81, and 90 through 97. The graphs support the conclusions of previous sections of this report which indicated that sites 12, 13, 41, 49, 83, 84, and 89 were major contributors of acidity and total-recoverable iron. A comparison of cumulative and instantaneous loads shows that the computed and observed loads agree only for acidity and only from Curwensville to Karthaus. Even though an estimate of cumulative loads would not be accurate because the sampling times did not account for travel time in the river, these data do indicate that chemical interaction among the constituents may be occurring, and that deposition and scour of the suspended phase is probably a part of the transport process.

Figure 25 shows that the data collected in July allow similar conclusions to be drawn, except that the computed and observed loads do not agree at any point along the river. The same groups of tributaries show either large or very small contributions of acidity and total-recoverable iron to the river.

SUGGESTIONS FOR FURTHER STUDY

Although the area and number of tributaries sampled in this study were quite extensive, additional data from the sites are needed to document further the water-quality conditions described in this report. In addition, separate studies, similar to this one, could evaluate the water quality and identify sources of acid mine drainage in the basins of the larger tributaries, such as Clearfield and Moshannon Creeks. This would allow the development of a model to estimate the cumulative effect of the tributaries. Such a model would have application in the design of an effective acid mine drainage abatement plan in each of these subbasins. If such abatement plans were implemented, they could have a substantial effect on the water quality of the West Branch Susquehanna River.

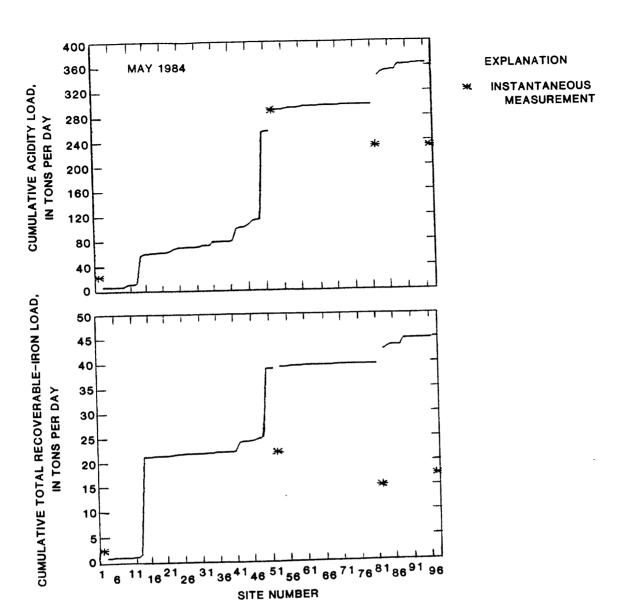
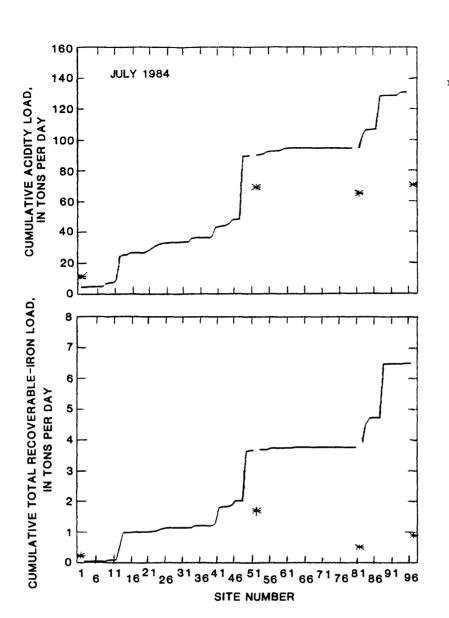


Figure 24.—Cumulative acidity and total—recoverable iron loads from tributaries and instantaneous loads at sampling sites on the West Branch Susquehanna River, May 1984.



EXPLANATION

INSTANTANEOUS

MEASUREMENT

Figure 25.—Cumulative acidity and total—recoverable iron loads from tributaries and instantaneous loads at sampling sites on the West Branch Susquehanna River, July 1984.

SUMMARY

The water quality of the West Branch Susquehanna River and its tributaries appears to be directly related to the predominant land use in the area drained by the tributary. The background water quality of the area is suggested by the tributaries sampled at sites 62 through 81. The median pH measurement at these sites for the two sampling periods was 5.5 units and specific conductance values were generally less than $100~\mu\text{S/cm}$. These tributaries drain areas that contain little, if any, coal deposits and disturbed areas.

The most degraded water quality of the tributaries was found at the sites where the sampled tributaries drained a large disturbed area. The pH values at these sites were generally less than 5.0, and the median pH was less than 4.0 units. Two of the larger tributaries (Clearfield and Moshannon Creeks) and several smaller tributaries that drain areas where mine spoils were collected, or where processing of the coal was done, appear to be severely affected by acid mine drainage.

In general, only a few of the 94 tributaries contributed most of the acidity and totalrecoverable iron loads to the West Branch Susquehanna River. During the sampling, Moshannon, Sinnemahoning, and Clearfield Creeks contributed 63 percent of the 365 tons/day of acidity; Moshannon and Clearfield Creeks contributed 76 percent of the 44.8 tons/day of total-recoverable iron that were discharged to the river. During the July sampling, Moshannon, Kettle, and Clearfield Creeks contributed 60 percent of the 131 tons/day of acidity, and Moshannon and Kettle Creeks contributed 51 percent of the 6.5 tons/day of total-recoverable iron discharged to the river.

The maximum acidity and total-recoverable iron concentrations measured during the two sampling periods were found at sites with drainage areas less than 26 mi². During the May sampling period, the maximum acidity concentration measured was 477 mg/L at site 85, which has a drainage area of 25.6 mi². The next two highest values in May, 323 and 263 mg/L, were measured at sites with drainage areas of 1.49 and 1.71 mi²,

respectively. The three highest total-recoverable iron concentrations in May were 56,000, 46,000, and 20,000 μ g/L at sites 12 (1.71 mi²), 85 (25.6 mi²), and 46 (1.49 mi²), respectively.

In July, some of the same tributaries had the highest concentrations. The maximum acidity concentration of 844 mg/L was measured at site 24, with a drainage area of 1.08 mi². The next two highest concentrations, 546 and 497 mg/L were measured at sites 35 and 12, with drainage areas of 0.89 and 1.71 mi², respectively. The maximum totalrecoverable iron concentration measured in July was 110,000 µg/L at site 12, with a drainage area of 1.71 mi². The next two highest concentrations (25,000 20,000 µg/L) were measured at sites 41 and 46, with drainage areas of 24.0 and 1.49 mi², respectively. Although these concentrations are relatively high in comparison to the median concentration for each of the sampling periods, the small drainage areas provide very little water discharge, and the load to the river is relatively small. When combined with the loads of larger tributaries (those that drain areas greater than 200 mi²) and the load in the river, these small loads from tributaries with high concentrations have little or no effect on the water quality of the river.

The West Branch Susquehanna River at the most upstream site at Curwensville had pH values ranging from 5.4 to 6.5, and specific conductance values ranging from 267 to 310 µS/cm. The most degraded water quality was found at the site at Karthaus (pH 3.9 to 4.1 units, specific conductance 330 to 610 µS/cm); the quality gradually improved downstream to the site at Renovo (pH 3.8 to 4.6 units, specific conductance 200 to 392 µS/cm), although the quality did not recover to that found at Curwensville. Of the eight pH measurements at the four main-stem sites, only one met the PaDER recommended limit of not less than 6.0 units (the site at Curwensville in May). The total-recoverable iron concentrations measured at all sites met the recommended limit except at the site at Karthaus in May. In addition, the alkalinity concentrations at Curwensville in May and July met the recommended limit of 20 mg/L.

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Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,
May and July, 1984

[ft 3 /s, cubic feet per second; μ S/cm, microsiemens per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius; $^{\circ}$ C, degrees Celsius; mg/L, milligrams per liter; ac-ft, acre foot; $^{\circ}$, degree; $^{\circ}$, minute; $^{\circ}$, second; $^{\circ}$, less than; E, estimated; --, no data]

| Date | Time | Streamflow, instan- taneous (ft ³ /s) | Specific conduct- ance (µS/cm) | pH (standard units) | Temper- ature (°C) | Acidity (mg/L as H) | Acidity (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Alkalinity, field (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Carbon dioxide, dissolved (mg/L as CO ₂) | Sulfate, dissolved (mg/L as SO ₄) | Solids, residue at 180 °C dissolved (mg/L) |
|-------------------|---------------------|---|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | 00 West Brand 1 (Latitude 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| May 21 July 23 | | 1,720 170 | 267 310 | 6.5 5.4 | 13.0 22.0 | 0.1 .5 | 5.0 25 | 23 26 | 14 200 | 91 110 | 199 211 |
| • | 015412 | 50 Anderson 2 (Latitude 4 | Creek at C | Curwensville | € | | 23 | 20 | 200 | 110 | 211 |
| May 21 July 23 | | 247 48 | 180 240 | 4.6 4.2 | 15.5 18.0 | .2 .7 | 9.9 35 | 2 0 | 9 7 .0 | 57 87 | |
| - | 0154125 | 3 Unnamed 3 (Latitude 4 | tributary to | West Brai | nch Susq | uehanna | | | | 01 | |
| May 21 | | .58 .01 | 197 | 6.5 6.0 | 13.0 15.0 | .1 .2 | 5.0 9.9 | 14 15 | 8.6 29 | 41 36 | |
| | 015412 | .01 54 Hogback i 4 (Latitude 4 | | elen Riche | / | | 9.9 | 15 | 23 | 30 | |
| May 21 | | 13 | 520 | 7.9 | 12.0 | | | 86 | 2.1 | 190 | |
| | 0154125 Site No. | 5.6 55 Unnamed 5 (Latitude 4 | 10°58'24", Li | ongitude (|)78°29'24' | | 5.0 I River at P | | | 240 | |
| May 21 July 23 | | .98 .16 | 175 278 | 7.6 7.1 | 13.5 18.5 | .2 | 9.9 | 22 36 | 1.1 5.5 | 42 67 | |
| - | 0154128 | 57 Hartshorn i 6 (Latitude 4 | | | | ") | | | | | |
| May 21 July 23 | | 11 2.3 | 126 140 | 5.4 6.1 | 11.0 16.0 | .1 .1 | 5.0 5.0 | · 2 3 | 15 4.6 | 39 56 | |
| • | 015412 | 2.3 50 Unnamed . 7 (Latitude 4 | tributary to | o West Brai | nch Susq | uehanno | | _ | | 00 | |
| May 21 | | 5.5 | 640 | 5.4 | 15.0 | .2 1.0 | 9.9 5 0 | 5 2 | 39 97 | 270 630 | |
| | 015412 | 1.4 52 Unnamed . 8 (Latitude 4 | | | | uehanno | | | 91 | 630 | |
| May 21 | | .96 | 355 | 7.6 | 13.5 | , | | 37 | 1.8 | 140 | |
| | 0154130 | .28 20 Montgome 9 (Latitude 4 | | | 18.5)78°27'43' | .1 | 5.0 | 70 | 5.4 | 270 | |
| May 21 | | 52 | 330 | 4.5 | 12.5 | .4 | 20 | 0 | .0 | 130 | |
| July 23 | 1130 | 16 | 595 | 4.1 | 19.5 | .9 | 45 | 0 | .0 | 410 | |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,
May and July, 1984

[ft 3 /s, cubic feet per second; μ S/cm, microsiemens per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius; $^{\circ}$ C, degrees Celsius; mg/L, milligrams per liter; ac-ft, acre foot; $^{\circ}$, degree; $^{'}$, minute; $^{''}$, second; $^{'}$, less than; E, estimated; --, no data]

| Date | Solids, dissolved (tons per ac-ft) | Solids, dissolved (tons per day | Aluminum, total recoverable (µg/L as Al) | Aluminum, dissolved (µg/L as Al) | Iron, total recoverable (µg/L as Fe) | Iron, dissolved (µg/L as Fe) | Manganese total recoveralbe (μg/L as Mn | Manganese, dissolved (μg/L as Mn) | Zinc, total recoverable (µg/L as Zn) | Zinc, dissolved (µg/L as Zn) |
|--------|---|--|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | | ch Susqueha 10°57'41", Lor | | | le | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 100 | 100 | 480 | 6 | 350 | 380 | 20 | 13 |
| July : | 01541250 | Anderson (| 200 Creek at Cui 0°58'20", Lor | | 380 °31'20 ") | 6 | 390 | 350 | 10 | 4 |
| May 2 | | | 1,200 | 1,000 | 950 | 420 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 80 | 78 |
| July : | | | 1,800 | 1,800 | 290 | 220 | 2,100 | 2,000 | 120 | 110 |
| | | | tributary to \ 0°58'38", Lor | | | na River at | Curwensvill | е | | |
| May 2 | | | 200 | 100 | 390 | 10 | 30 | 28 | 30 | 23 |
| July 2 | 23 | | <100 | <100 | 540 | 19 | 10 | 7 | 80 | 54 |
| | | | Run near Gle 0°57'57", Lor | | 29'26") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 300 | 100 | 680 | 14 | 60 | 28 | 40 | 14 |
| July 2 | 23 | | 300 | 200 | 410 | 4 | 50 | 18 | 20 | 8 |
| | | | trlbutary to V 0°58'24", Lor | | | na River at | Porters Brld | ge | | |
| May 2 | | | 200 | <100 | 550 | 18 | 20 | 3 | 30 | 6 |
| July 2 | 23 | | 200 | 100 | 360 | 7 | 10 | 3 | 10 | 3 |
| | | | Run at Susqu 0°58'46", Lor | | | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 500 | 400 | 410 | 65 | ^a 410 | ^a 440 | 60 | 52 |
| July 2 | 23 | | 300 | 200 | 220 | 110 | 750 | 720 | 80 | 47 |
| | | | tributary to V 0°59'13", Lor | | | na River at | Susquehan | na Brldge | | |
| May 2 | | | 2,000 | 800 | 680 | 140 | ^a 4,600 | ^a 4,700 | 210 | 210 |
| July 2 | 23 | | 200 | 200 | 230 | 69 | 8,900 | 8,800 | ^a 300 | ^a 310 |
| | | | tributary to V 0°59'35", Lor | | | na River at | H yde | | | |
| May 2 | | | 300 | 200 | 620 | 15 | 60 | 16 | 40 | 30 |
| July 2 | 23 | | 100 | 100 | 220 | <3 | 60 | <1 | 30 | <3 |
| oury a | | | | l la cartar | | | | | | |
| ouly a | 01541300 Site No. 9 | | ery Creek as 1°00'14", Lor | | 27'43") | | | | | |
| May 2 | Site No. 9 | | | | 27'43") 590 | 350 | ^a 3,500 | ^a 3,600 | 190 | 190 |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,

May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | Time | Streamflow, instan- taneous (ft ³ /s) | Specific conduct- ance (µS/cm) | pH (standard units) | Temper- ature (°C) | Acidity (mg/L as H) | Acidity (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Alkalinity, field (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Carbon dioxide, dissolved (mg/L as CO ₂) | Sulfate, dissolved (mg/L as SO ₄) | Solids, residue at 180 °C dissolved (mg/L) |
|-------------------|---------|---|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Date | THIC | (11 /5) | (µs/dii) | unus) | (C) | as 11) | CaCO3) | CaCO3) | as CO2) | as 30 ₄) | (IIIg/L) |
| | | 051 Moose Cr 10 (Latitude | | | 078°26'10 | 5 ") | | | | | |
| May 21 July 23 | | 39 6.5 | 245 440 | 4.8 4.2 | 13.5 23.5 | 0.2 .4 | 9.9 20 | 1 0 | 31 .0 | 79 1 70 | |
| | | 053 Unnamed 11 (Latitude | | | | | a River at | Kerr | | | |
| May 21 July 23 | | 1.4 .30 | 200 273 | 7.0 6.5 | 14.5 21.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 8 13 | 1.5 8.0 | 76 100 | |
| • | 0154130 | 055 Wolf Run 12 (Latitude | at Kerr | | | | | | | | |
| May 21 | | 3.7 | 1,670 | 3.7 | 15.0 | 5.3 10 | 263 497 | 0 0 | .0 .0 | 780 | |
| | 0154158 | 1.2 52 Clearfield 13 (Latitude | | | 21.0 078°23'59 | | 497 | O | .0 | 2,100 | |
| May 21 | | 1,670 | 315 | 5.2 | 16.0 | .2 | 9.9 | 1 | 12 | 140 | |
| July 23 | 0154155 | 230 55 Abes Run (14 (Latitude | | - | 24.0 078°22'2 | .5 4 ") | 25 | 0 | .0 | 270 | |
| May 21 | | 4.8 | 1,400 | 3.3 | 14.5 | 3.3 | 164 223 | 0 | .0 | 720 1,300 | |
| July 23 | 0154155 | 1.4 56 Unnamed 15 (Latitude | 1,620 tributary to 41°02'14", 1 | 3.2 West Brai Longitude | 18.5 nch Susqi 078°22'0 | 4.5 uehanna 5") | | = | .0 | 1,300 | |
| May 21 | 1620 | .86 | 1,180 | 3.2 | 13.0 | 2.4 | 119 | 0 | .0 | 730 | |
| July 23 | 015415 | .34 59 Lick Run ne . 16 (Latitude | | 3.3 Longitude | 18.0 078°22'5 | 4.9 8") | 24 3 | . | .0 | 1,300 | |
| May 22 | 1030 | 86 | 126 | 4.7 | 11.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 1 | 39 | 54 | |
| July 23 | | 20 50 Unnamed | 220 | 5. 7 | 19.5 | .5 | 25 Diverge | 8 or Shawallle | 31 | 84 | |
| | | 17 (Latitude | | | | | i Kivei neu | ii didwyiiie | | | |
| May 22 July 24 | | .76 .06 | 130 160 | 5.7 5.8 | 13.0 17.5 | .1 .1 | 5.0 5.0 | 2 2 | 7.7 6.1 | 50 57 | |
| • | | 52 Devils Run 18 (Latitude | | | | 9") | | | | | |
| May 21 | | 1.9 .22 | 655 | 3.8 3.9 | 16.5 2 3.5 | .6 .7 | 30 35 | 0 0 | .0 .0 | 300 340 | |
| July 23 | 015415 | .22 54 Unnamed . 19 (Latitude | | West Brai | nch Susq | uehanna | | = | .0 | J 1 0 | |
| May 22 July 24 | 1230 | .73 .16 | 240 385 | 6.2 6.7 | 13.5 18.0 | . 2 .1 | 9.9 5.0 | 15 2 9 | 18 11 | 74 140 | |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,

May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | Solids, dissolved (tons per ac-ft) | Solids, dissolved (tons per day | Aluminum, total recoverable (µg/L as Al) | Aluminum, dissolved (µg/L as Al) | Iron, total recoverable (µg/L as Fe) | Iron, e dissolved (μg/L as Fe) | Manganese total recoveralbe (µg/L as Mn | Manganese, | Zinc, total recoverable (µg/L as Zn) | Zinc, dissolved (µg/L as Zn) |
|--------|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|---------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | | eek at Clea 41°01'49", Lo | | 78°26'16 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 1,200 | 1,200 | 610 | 250 | 2,300 | 2,300 | a110 | a120 |
| July 2 | | | 2,600 | 2,600 | 690 | 500 | 5,500 | 5,500 | ^a 1 7 0 | ^a 190 |
| | | | d tributary to 41°01'52", Lo | | | anna River | at Kerr | | | |
| May 2 | 21 | | 400 | 100 | 1,000 | 43 | 220 | 210 | 90 | 33 |
| July 2 | 23 | | 200 | <100 | 300 | 35 | 160 | 160 | 40 | 12 |
| | | 5 Wolf Run 2 (Latitude | at Kerr 41°01'42", Lo | ongitude 07 | 78°24'29 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 10,000 | 10,000 | • | 55,000 | a37,000 | a38,000 | | 1,300 |
| July 2 | | | 22,000 | 22,000 | 110,000 | 100,000 | ^a 79,000 | ^a 81,000 | ^a 2,600 | ^a 2,800 |
| | | | Creek at Cle 41°01'29", Lo | | 78°23'59 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 2,300 | 400 | 4,400 | 150 | a1,700 | a1,800 | a110 | ^a 140 |
| July 2 | | | 2,400 | 2,400 | 860 | 550 | 3,700 | 3,500 | ^a 150 | ^a 190 |
| | | Abes Run o 4 (Latitude | at Bishtown 41°02'05", Lo | ngitude 07 | 78°22'24 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 21,000 | 21,000 | | 2,800 | 27,000 | 27,000 | ^a 1,000 | a1,100 |
| July 2 | 23 | | 24,000 | 24,000 | ^a 2,200 | ^a 2,400 | 34,000 | 34,000 | 1,300 | 1,200 |
| | | | tributary to V 41°02'14 " , Lo | | | nna River c | it Bishtown | | | |
| May 2 | | | 12,000 | 12,000 | 1,900 | 1,600 | 23,000 | 23,000 | 9,300 | 860 |
| July 2 | | | 25,000 | 24,000 | 2,800 | 2,600 | 42,000 | 38,000 | 1,400 | 1,400 |
| | | Lick Run ne 6 (Latitude | ear Kerr 41°02'52", Lo | ngitude 07 | '8°22'58 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 600 | 600 | 390 | 37 | 6,800 | 690 | | 86 |
| July 2 | | | 1,000 | 900 | 290 | 40 | 1,500 | 1,500 | *60 | * 69 |
| | | | tributary to V 41°03'03", Lo | | | nna River n | ear Shawvill | е | | |
| May 2 | | | 500 | 200 | 1,100 | 8 | 180 | 130 | ^a 60 | ^a 81 |
| July 2 | | Daville Dive | <100 | <100 | 760 | 150 | ^a 80 | ^a 90 | 30 | 10 |
| | | | near Shawvi 41°03′10″, Lo | | 78°22'39 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 3,000 | 3,000 | 600 | 380 | ^a 8,900 | ^a 9,600 | 290 | 320 |
| July 2 | 01541564 | | 2, 100 tributary to V 41°03'44", La | | | 410 nna River d | ^a 11,000 It Shawville | ^a 12,000 | 130 | 92 |
| May 2 | | | 100 | 100 | 760 | 9 | 70 | 43 | 30 | 4 |
| July 2 | 24 | | 200 | <100 | 480 | 16 | 30 | 25 | 30 | 11 |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,

May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | Time | Streamflow, instan- taneous (ft ³ /s) | Specific conduct- ance (µS/cm) | pH (standard units) | Temper- ature (°C) | Acidity (mg/L as H) | Acidity (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Alkalinity, field (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Carbon dioxide, dissolved (mg/L as CO ₂) | Sulfate, dissolved (mg/L as SO ₄) | Solids, residue at 180 °C dissolved (mg/L) |
|-------------------|---------|---|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | 55 Bloody Rur 20 (Latitude | | | 078°22'22 | 2") | | | | | |
| May 22 | | 2.1 .60 | 5 2 3 675 | 5.9 6.5 | 14.0 18.0 | 0.2 | 9.9 5.0 | 10 12 | 24 7.3 | 700 390 | |
| July 24 | 0154170 | .ou 20 Trout Run (21 (Latitude | at Shawville | € | | .1 3 ") | 5.0 | 12 | 7.3 | 390 | |
| May 22 | | 152 | 50 | 5.4 | 15.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 2 | 15 | 20 | |
| July 2 3 | 0154171 | 26 10 Millstone R 22 (Latitude | | | 20.0 078°20'2 | .3 (") | 15 | 6 | 15 | 38 | |
| May 22 | | 15 | 633 | 3.6 | 15.5 | 1.0 | 50 | 0 | .0 | 280 | |
| July 24 | 0154172 | 3.6 20 Surveyor R 23 (Latitude | | | 19.5 078°19'3 | 2.6 ?") | 129 | 0 | .0 | 960 | |
| May 22 | | 18 | 792 | 3.4 | 11.5 | 1.4 | 70 | 0 | .0 | 350 | |
| July 24 | 0154172 | 3.9 22 Bear Run c 24 (Latitude | | 3.4 Longitude | 18.0 078°18'32 | 2.4 2") | 119 | 0 | .0 | 810 | |
| May 22 July 24 | | 2.2 .68 | 1,040 2,950 | 3.5 3.1 | 11.0 17.0 | 2.5 17 | 124 844 | 0 0 | .0 .0 | 600 2,300 | |
| ouly 2 1 | 0154172 | 24 Bald Hill Ru 25 (Latitude | ın at Walta | on. | | | | J | | 2 ,555 | |
| May 22 | | 7.5 | 945 | 7.2 | 13.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 27 | 3.3 | 450 | |
| July 24 | 0154172 | 2.9 26 Unnamed 26 (Latitude | | | | | 65 1 River at L | . 50 econtes Mil | 77 Is | 800 | |
| May 22 | | 1.5 | 1,780 | 3.2 | 15.5 | 4.0 | 199 | 0 | .0 | 1,100 | |
| July 24 | 0154172 | .61 27 Unnamed .27 (Latitu de | | | | | 382 I River nec | 0 Ir Lecontes | .0 Mills | 2,100 | |
| May 22 | | .99 | 500 | 3.7 | 12.5 | .6 | 30 | 0 | .0 | 210 | |
| July 24 | 0154172 | .09 28 Unnamed 28 (Latitude | | | | | 104 I River nec | 0 Ir Gallows H | .0 arbor | 540 | |
| May 22 | | .14 | 300 | 4.4 | 8.0 | .2 | 9.9 | 0 | .0 | 120 | |
| July 24 | 0154172 | . 12 29 Unnamed . 29 (Latitude | | | | | 194 RR bridge | 0 at Gallows | .0 Harbor | 760 | |
| May 22 | | 1.4 | 445 | 3.3 | 14.0 | 1.1 | 55 | 0 | .0 | 170 | |
| July 24 | 1415 | .18 | 765 | 3.5 | 19.5 | 2.8 | 139 | 0 | .0 | 360 | |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,

May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | Solids, dissolved (tons per ac-ft) | Solids, dissolved (tons per day | Aluminum, total recoverable (µg/L as Al) | Aluminum, dissolved (µg/L as Al) | Iron, total recoverable (µg/L as Fe) | Iron, dissolved (μg/L as Fe) | Manganese total recoveralbe (µg/L as Mn | Manganese, dissolved (μg/L as Mn) | Zinc, total recoverable (µg/L as Zn) | Zinc, dissolved (µg/L as Zn) |
|--------|---|--|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | | n at Shawville 41°03'50", Lo | | /8°22'22 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 100 | 100 | 410 | 6 | 110 | 82 | ^a 50 | ^a 51 |
| July 2 | 24 | | 300 | 100 | 210 | 15 | 30 | 16 | 50 | 34 |
| | | Trout Run o | at Shawville 41°04'09", Lo | ongitude 07 | '8°21'38 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 300 | 300 | 270 | 16 | 160 | 160 | 60 | 21 |
| July 2 | 23 | | 500 | 200 | 130 | 33 | ^a 310 | ^a 340 | | 49 |
| | | | un near Sha: 41°03'02", Lo | | '8°20'21 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 3,600 | 3,300 | 1,400 | 1,400 | 4,900 | 4,900 | ^a 280 | ^a 290 |
| July 2 | 23 | | 5,900 | 5,900 | ^a 1,400 | ^a 1,700 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 610 | 580 |
| | | • | un at Survey 41°04'26", Lo | | '8° 19'39 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 6,400 | 6,300 | | 2,200 | ^a 7,000 | ^a 7,600 | | 410 |
| July 2 | 24 | | 21,000 | 20,000 | ^a 2,800 | ^a 3,000 | 15,000 | 13,000 | 600 | 570 |
| | | Bear Run a 4 (Latitude : | t Shiloh 41°03'25", Lo | ongitude 07 | 8°18'32") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 13,000 | 13,000 | | 8,600 | 23,000 | 23,000 | 1,000 | 950 |
| July 2 | | | 38,000 | 37,000 | 19,000 | 18,000 | ^a 72,000 | ^a 75,000 | ^a 2,800 | 2,900 |
| | | | n at Walton 41°04'11", Lo | ngitude 07 | 8°18'10 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 1,800 | 300 | 2,200 | 520 | 2,300 | 2,200 | 140 | 98 |
| July 2 | | | 1,700 | 1,700 | 4,600 | 4 | 2,900 | 2,900 | 120 | 29 |
| | 01541726 Site No. 2 | Unnamed t 6 (Latitude : | tributary to V 41°04'16", La | Vest Branct Ingitude 07 | n Susquehar 8°16'54 ") | nna River a | t Lecontes N | ∕Iills | | |
| May 2 | | | 21,000 | 20,000 | | 8,000 | ^a 33,000 | ^a 34,000 | 1,300 | 1,300 |
| July 2 | | | 30,000 | 30,000 | 7,400 | 7,000 | ^a 48,000 | ^a 49,000 | 1,900 | 1,800 |
| | 01541727 Site No. 2 | Unnamed 1 7 (Latitude : | tributary to V 41°04'06", Lo | Vest Branct Ingitude 07 | n Susquehar 8°16'45") | nna River n | ear Leconte | s Mills | | |
| May 2 | | | 2,800 | 2,800 | 490 | 300 | ^a 3,600 | ^a 3,800 | | 230 |
| July 2 | 24 | | 5,700 | 5,700 | ^a 700 | ^a 710 | 9,000 | 8,900 | ^a 430 | ^a 460 |
| | 01541728 Site No. 2 | Unnamed 1 8 (Latitude 4 | tributary to V 41°03'50", La | Vest Branch Ingitude 07 | n Susquehar 8°16'35") | nna River n | ear Gallows | Harbor | | |
| May 2 | | | 1,000 | 1,000 | 290 | 18 | 2,200 | 2,100 | 190 | 180 |
| July 2 | 24 | | 22,000 | 22,000 | 2,100 | 1,900 | 25,000 | 24,000 | 1,100 | 1,100 |
| | | | tributary to V 11°03'36", Loi | | | na River b | elow railroa | d bridge at | Gallows Har | oor |
| May 2 | 22 | | 5,300 | 5,200 | 470 | 260 | 3,800 | 3,800 | ^a 520 | ^a 530 |
| July 2 | 24 | | 12,000 | 11,000 | 390 | 250 | 8,700 | 8,700 | a880 | ^a 940 |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,
May and July, 1984-Continued

| | | Streamflow, instan- taneous | Specific conduct- | pH (standard | Temper- | Acidity (mg/L | Acidity (mg/L as | Alkalinity, field (mg/L as | Carbon dioxide, dissolved (mg/L | Sulfate, dissolved (mg/L | Solids, residue at 180 °C dissolved |
|---------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Date | Time | (ft ³ /s) | (µS/cm) | units) | (°C) | as H) | CaCO ₃) | CaCO ₃) | as CO ₂) | as SO ₄) | (mg/L) |
| | | 30 Unnamed 30 (Latitude | | | | | River at G | Gallows Hark | oor | | |
| May 22 | | 4.2 | 200 | 4.3 | 12.5 | 0.3 | 15 | 0 | 0.0 | 73 | |
| July 24 | | .24 | 650 | 4.2 | 16.0 | 2.6 | 129 | 0 | .0 | 350 | |
| | | 33 Moravian I 31 (Latitude | | | | 2") | | | | | |
| May 22 | | 61 | 180 | 4.4 | 13.0 | .2 | 9.9 | 0 | .0 | 52 | |
| July 24 | | 6.2 | 355 | 3.9 | 19.0 | .6 | 30 | 0 | .0 | 120 | |
| | | 34 Unnamed 32 (Latitude | | | | | River at G | Sallows Harb | oor | | |
| May 22 | | .85 | 100 | 4.5 | 12.0 | .2 | 9.9 | 0 | .0 | 31 | |
| July 24 | | .04 | 100 | 4.8 | 16.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 1 | 31 | 29 | |
| | | 35 Unnamed 33 (Latitude | | | | | River at C | Coudley | | | |
| May 22 | 1620 | .12 | 70 | 5.4 | 10.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 1 | 7.7 | 22 | |
| | | 50 Deer Cree 34 (Lattude | | | 078°14 '1 | 1") | | | | | |
| May 22 | | 77 | 350 | 4.2 | 15.0 | .5 | 25 | 0 | .0 | 150 | |
| July 24 | | 14 | 827 | 3.5 | 19.5 | 1.2 | 60 | 0 | .0 | 380 | |
| | | 31 Unnamed 35 (Latttude | | | | | i River at C | coudley | | | |
| May 22 | | 2.3 | 1,000 | 3.4 | 15.0 | 3.3 | 164 | 0 | .0 | 540 | |
| July 24 | | .27 | 2,350 | 3.2 | 18.5 | 11 | 546 | 0 | .0 | 1,500 | |
| | 0154178 Site No. | 52 Unnamed . 36 (Latitude | tributary to 41°03'42", | o West Bra Longitude | nch Susq 078°12'3 | uehanno 5") | ı River nea | ır Fairview | | | |
| | 1745 | 1.9 | 585 | 3.6 | 15.0 | 1.3 | 65 | Ò | .0 | 270 | |
| July 24 | | .13 | 1,300 | 4.1 | 20.0 | 2.2 | 109 | 0 | .0 | 1,200 | |
| | Site No. | 33 Unnamed 37 (Latitude | 41°03'51", | Longitude | 078°12'2 | | ı River ned | ır Rolling Sto | ne | | |
| | 1820 | | 350 | | | .3 | 15 | 0 0 | .0 | 150 | |
| July 24 | | E.30 | 702 | 4.6 | 17.0 | 1.3 | 65 | U | .0 | 340 | |
| | | 55 Big Run ne . 38 (Latitude | | | 078°12'0 | O ") | | | | | |
| May 22 | | 8.5 | 85 | 6.5 | 13.0 | .0 | .0 | 2 | 1.2 | 26 | |
| July 24 | | .73 | 130 | 6.2 | 16.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 4 | 4.9 | 45 | |
| | | 50 Willholm Ri . 39 (Latitude | | | | 9") | | | | | |
| May 22 | | 2.5 | 80 | 5.9 | 13.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 1 | 2.4 | 19 | |
| July 25 | 0920 | .17 | 71 | 5.1 | 15.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 1 | 15 | 21 | |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,
May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | Solids, dissolved (tons per ac-ft) | Solids, dissolved (tons per day | Aluminum, total recoverable (µg/L as Al) | Aluminum, dissolved (μg/L as Al) | Iron, total recoverable (µg/L as Fe) | Iron, dissolved (µg/L as Fe) | Manganese total recoveralbe (μg/L as Mn | Manganese, dissolved (μg/L as Mn) | Zinc, total recoverable (μg/L as Zn) | Zinc, dissolved (µg/L as Zn) |
|--------|---|--|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | | tributary to \ 41°03'14", Lo | | | nna River a | t Gallows Ho | arbor | | |
| May 2 | | | 2,000 | 2,000 | 290 | 23 | 3,100 | 3,100 | 260 | 260 |
| July 2 | | Naranian I | 13,000 | 12,000 | 100 | 21 | 20,000 | 18,000 | | 1,300 |
| | | | Run at Gallo 41°02'57", Lo | | '8°15'32") | | | | | |
| May 2 | 22 | | 700 | 700 | 730 | 570 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 120 | 110 |
| July 2 | | | 1,400 | 1,400 | 290 | 250 | 2,700 | 2,700 | ^a l 10 | ^a 120 |
| | | | tributary to \ 41°03'11", Lo | | | nna River a | t Gallows Ho | arbor | | |
| May 2 | | | 500 | 500 | 270 | 5 | 290 | 280 | 160 | 84 |
| July 2 | | | 600 | <100 | 820 | 9 | 250 | 190 | 90 | 89 |
| | | | tributary to V 41°03'35", La | | | nna River a | t Coudley | | | |
| May 2 | | | <100 | <100 | 240 | 34 | 30 | 19 | ^a 60 | ^a 61 |
| - | | | k near Frenc 41°04'42", La | | '8°14'11 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | 22 | | ^a 1,800 | a1,900 | 980 | 850 | 3,400 | 3,400 | ^a 170 | ^a 190 |
| July 2 | 24 | | 3,300 | 3,300 | | 1,600 | 9,100 | 8,800 | ^a 310 | ^a 330 |
| | | | tributary to V 41°04'39", Lo | | | nna River a | t Coudley | | | |
| May 2 | | | 21,000 | 20,000 | ^a 3,200 | ^a 3,300 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 880 | 840 |
| July 2 | | | 49,000 | 32,000 | 14,000 | 14,000 | 53,000 | 50,000 | 1,800 | 1,800 |
| | | | tributary to V 41°03'42", Lo | | | na River n | ear Fairview | | | |
| May 2 | 22 | | 6,200 | 6,200 | 660 | 540 | ^a 16,000 | ^a 17,000 | | 520 |
| July 2 | | | 14,000 | 14,000 | 490 | 150 | 60,000 | 57,000 | 1,300 | 1,200 |
| | | | tributary to V 41°03'51", Lo | | | na River n | ear Rolling S | tone | | |
| May 2 | | | | ^a 1,500 | | 23 | ^a 6,000 | ^a 6,100 | 200 | 190 |
| July 2 | | | 6,000 | 5,800 | 170 | 76 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 420 | 420 |
| | | | ar Rolling Sto 41°03'40", Lo | | 8°12′00 ″) | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 100 | 100 | 460 | 76 | | 120 | 50 | 41 |
| July 2 | | | 200 | 200 | 160 | 9 | | 78 | ² 20 | ^a 24 |
| | 01541760 Site No. 3 | Willholm Ru 9 (Latitude | un near Rollir 41°03'41", La | ng Stone ongitude 07 | 8°11'49 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 100 | 100 | 340 | 24 | 50 | 46 | ^a 50 | ^a 58 |
| July 2 | 25 | | 200 | 200 | 640 | 36 | 60 | 44 | 40 | 26 |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,
May and July, 1984-Continued

| | | Time | instan- taneous (ft ³ /s) | ance (µS/cm) | pH (standard units) | Temper- ature (°C) | Acidity (mg/L as H) | Acidity (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Alkalinity, field (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | dioxide, dissolved (mg/L as CO ₂) | Sulfate, dissolved (mg/L as SO ₄) | residue at 180 °C dissolved (mg/L) |
|--------|----|------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|
| | | | 0 Sandy Cre 40 (Latitude | | | 078°10'34 | 4") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 49 | 270 | 4.0 | 12.5 | 0.4 | 20 | 0 | 0.0 | 110 | |
| July 2 | | | 8.7 | 900 | 3.6 | 15.5 | .9 | 45 | 0 | .0 | 490 | |
| | | | 0 Alder Run 41 (Latitude | | | 078°10'24 | 4") | | | | | |
| May 2 | 3 | 1145 | 64 | 697 | 3.2 | 14.0 | 2.1 | 104 | o | .0 | 260 | |
| July 2 | 25 | 1150 | 7.7 | 1,480 | 2.8 | 17.5 | 5.3 | 263 | 0 | .0 | 850 | |
| | | | 0 Rolling Sto 42 (Latitude | | | | 5") | | | | | |
| May 2 | 23 | 1015 | 4.8 | 935 | 3.4 | 12.5 | 2.8 | 139 | 0 | .0 | 400 | |
| July 2 | 4 | 1730 | 1.0 | 1,600 | 2.9 | 21.0 | 5.7 | 283 | 0 | .0 | 970 | |
| | | | 0 Mowry Rur 43 (Latitude | | | 078°09' 19 | 9") | | | | | |
| May 2 | 23 | 1130 | 3.9 | 280 | 4.1 | 12.5 | .8 | 40 | 0 | .0 | 110 | |
| July 2 | 4 | 1820 | .11 | 735 | 3.8 | 18.0 | 2.1 | 104 | 0 | .0 | 360 | |
| | | | 5 Basin Run (44 (Latitude | | | 078°08'4 | 5 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | 23 | 0935 | 11 | 665 | 3.8 | 13.0 | 1.6 | 79 | 0 | .0 | 290 | |
| July 2 | 25 | 0910 | 1.9 | 1,250 | 3.6 | 15.0 | 2.6 | 129 | 0 | .0 | 770 | |
| | | | 0 Rock Run r 45 (Latitude | | | | 2") | | | | | |
| May 2 | 23 | 1120 | 7.0 | 1,430 | 3.2 | 14.5 | 3.5 | 174 | 0 | .0 | 710 | |
| July 2 | 25 | 1045 | 1.6 | 2,180 | 3.0 | 17.0 | 5.2 | 258 | 0 | .0 | 1,800 | |
| | | | 5 Potter Run 46 (Latitude | | | 078°07'3 | 3") | | | | | |
| May 2 | 23 | 1240 | 6.4 | 2,600 | 3.0 | 16.0 | 6.5 | 323 | 0 | .0 | 1,300 | |
| July 2 | 25 | 1225 | 2.3 | 2,850 | 2.9 | 19.5 | 8.0 | 397 | 0 | .0 | 2,400 | |
| | | | 7 Unnamed 47 (Latitude | | | | | ı River nec | ır Keewaydi | n | | |
| May 2 | 23 | 1340 | .76 | 2,100 | 3.1 | 14.0 | 5.2 | 258 | 0 | .0 | 1,000 | |
| July 2 | | | .16 | 2,690 | 3.0 | 17.0 | 7.6 | 377 | 0 | .0 | 2,100 | |
| | | | 0 Rupley Rur 48 (Latitude | | | 078°06'0 | 1 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | 23 | 1400 | 2.8 | 617 | 3.4 | 12.0 | 2.6 | 129 | 0 | .0 | 260 | |
| July 2 | | | .35 | 1,030 | 3.3 | 15.0 | 5.8 | 288 | 0 | .0 | 670 | |
| | | | 0 Moshanno 49 (Latitude | | | | O ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 1,160 | 447 | 3.7 | 16.0 | .9 | 45 | 0 | .0 | 150 | |
| July 2 | | | 192 | 900 | 3.2 | 23.0 | 1.6 | 79 | 0 | .0 | 360 | |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,

May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | Solids, dissolved (tons per ac-ft) | Solids, dissolved (tons per day | Aluminum, total recoverable (µg/L as Al) | Aluminum, dissolved (µg/L as Al) | Iron, total recoverable (µg/L as Fe) | Iron, e dissolved (µg/L as Fe) | Manganese total recoveralbe (µg/L as Mn | Manganese, | Zinc, total recoverable (µg/L as Zn) | Zinc, dissolved (µg/L as Zn) |
|--------|---|--|--|---|--|--------------------------------|---|---------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | | ek at Rolling 41°03'30", Lo | | 78°10'34 ") | | | | | |
| May | | | ^a 1,800 | a1,900 | 1,600 | 1,300 | ^a 2,800 | ^a 2,900 | 150 | 140 |
| July | | | | 4,000 | ^a 3,100 | ^a 3,300 | 11,000 | 11,000 | ^a 320 | ^a 350 |
| | | | at Rolling Sto 41°03'20", Lo | | 78° 10'24 ") | | | | | |
| May | 23 | | 8,100 | 8,100 | 10,000 | 11,000 | ^a 4,600 | ^a 4,700 | ^a 290 | ^a 320 |
| July | 25 | | 18,000 | 18,000 | ^a 25,000 | ^a 26,000 | 13,000 | 13,000 | ª670 | ⁴690 |
| | | | ne Run at Ro 41°03'25", Lo | | 78°09'36 ") | | | | | |
| May: | 23 | | 10,000 | 10,000 | ^a 6,200 | ² 6,800 | ^a 9,300 | ^a 9,900 | | 790 |
| July | 24 | | 22,000 | 20,000 | | 11,000 | 19,000 | 18,000 | ^a 940 | ^a 970 |
| | | | n at Rolling St 41°03'23 " , Lo | | 78°09'19") | | | | | |
| May : | 23 | | 3,100 | 3,100 | 540 | 260 | ^a 3,100 | ^a 3,300 | | 210 |
| July | 24 | | 13,000 | 13,000 | 430 | 240 | ^a 15,000 | ^a 16,000 | ^a 410 | ^a 420 |
| | | | at Rolling Sto 41°03'29", Lo | | /8°08'45 ") | | | | | |
| May : | | | 6,800 | 6,700 | ^a 2,500 | ^a 2,700 | 6,400 | 6,400 | 430 | 430 |
| July | 25 | | ^a 12,000 | ^a 13,000 | | 3,500 | 13,000 | 13,000 | ^a 650 | ^a 700 |
| | | | near Guenot 41°04'42", La | | | | | | | |
| May : | 23 | | 13,000 | 10,000 | | 8,400 | ^a 18,000 | ^a 19,000 | 780 | 750 |
| July | 25 | | 22,000 | 22,000 | 10,000 | 9,800 | 36,000 | 36,000 | ^a 1,200 | ^a 1,300 |
| | | | near Keewa 41°05'32", La | | 78°07' 33") | | | | | |
| May : | 23 | | 23,000 | 22,000 | 20,000 | 19,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 840 | 740 |
| July | 25 | | 30,000 | 29,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 28,000 | 25,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| | 01541967 Site No. 4 | 7 Unnamed 17 (Latitude | tributary to V 41°05'46", Lo | Vest Brancl Ingitude 07 | h Susqueha 18°07'33") | nna River n | ear Keeway | rdin | | |
| May : | | | 18,000 | 17,000 | | 17,000 | ^a 14,000 | ^a 15,000 | | 670 |
| July : | 25 | | 25,000 | 25,000 | 16,000 | 15,000 | 23,000 | 23,000 | 850 | 850 |
| | | | near Kartho 41°04'27 " , Lo | | 78°06'01" | | | | | |
| May : | | | 17,000 | 17,000 | ^a 3,000 | ^a 3,100 | | 7,300 | | 680 |
| July : | | | 36,000 | 35,000 | ^a 3,000 | 3,000 | ^a 15,000 | ^a 16,000 | 1,300 | 1,300 |
| | | | n Creek ned 41°04'21", Lo | | ′8°05'50 ' ') | | | | | |
| May : | | | 3,500 | 3,100 | 4,500 | 1,500 | | 2,200 | ^a 140 | ^a 150 |
| July | 25 | | | 25,000 | 3,100 | 1,100 | 5,300 | 5,300 | ^a 280 | ^a 290 |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,

May and July, 1984-Continued

| | | Streamflow, instan- taneous | Specific conduct- ance | pH (standard | Temper- | Acidity (mg/L | Acidity (mg/L as | Alkalinity, field (mg/L as | Carbon dioxide, dissolved (mg/L | Sulfate, dissolved (mg/L | Solids, residue at 180 °C dissolved |
|-------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Date | Time | (ft ³ /s) | (µS/cm) | units) | (°C) | as H) | CaCO ₃) | CaCO ₃) | as CO ₂) | as SO ₄) | (mg/L) |
| | | 70 Redlick Ru 50 (Latitude | | | 078°05'3 | ("ו | | | | | |
| May 23 July 25 | | 7.5 . 77 | 105 365 | 4.7 3.8 | 12.5 15.0 | 0.2 .8 | 9.9 4 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 30 110 | |
| - | 0154249 | 28 Unnamed 51 (Latitude | tributary to | West Brai | nch Susq | uehanna | | | 0.0 | 110 | |
| May 23 | | 1.5 | 1,760 | 3.2 | 13.0 | 2.9 | 144 | 0 0 | .0 | 840 | |
| July 25 | | .57 XX West Brand | 2,210 Shisayah | 3.3 | 16.0 | 3.5 | 174 | U | .0 | 1,500 | |
| | | 52 (Latitude | | | | | | | | | |
| May 23 July 25 | | 4,290 857 | 330 610 | 3.9 4.1 | 17.0 25.5 | .5 .6 | 25 30 | 0 | .0 .0 | 140 300 | 249 420 |
| • | | 13 Mosquito (| | - | | | 30 | U | .0 | 300 | 420 |
| | | 53 (Latitude | | | _ | | | | | | |
| May 23 July 25 | | 251 38 | 90 22 5 | 4.5 5.0 | 15.0 22.5 | 1.0 .1 | 50 5.0 | 0 3 | .0 58 | 36 93 | |
| - LLJC | 0154251 | 15 Laurel Run 54 (Latitude | at Karthau | ıs | | | | _ | | | |
| May 23 | | 7.9 | 380 | 4.0 | 13.5 | .8 | 40 | 0 | .0 | 140 | |
| July 25 | | .74 | 1,130 | 3.0 | 18.5 | 3.1 | 154 | 0 | .0 | 590 | |
| | | 17 Unnamed 55 (Latitude | | | | | RIVELLIEU | ir Kumidus | | | |
| May 23 | | .72 | 625 | 3.8 | 13.5 | 1.1 | 55 | 0 | .0 | 290 | |
| July 25 | | E.30 21 Saltiick Rur | 1,120 | 3.5 | 17.0 | 2.6 | 129 | 0 | .0 | 1,400 | |
| | | 56 (Latitude | | | 078°04'4 | 7") | | • | | | |
| May 23 | | 12 | 1,170 | 4.8 4.5 | 13.5 16.0 | .8 3.2 | 40 159 | 1 0 | 31 | 610 1,400 | |
| July 25 | | 3.8 22 Unnamed | 1,940 tributary ta | | | | | | .0 | 1,400 | |
| | | 57 (Latitude | | | | | i kiver ar b | onord | | | |
| May 23 | | 2.2 | 760 | 3.5 | 12.5 | 2.3 | 114 | 0 | .0 | 740 | |
| July 26 | | .26 23 Upper Thre | 1,000 | 3.2 or Potterso | 14.0 | 6.2 | 308 | 0 | .0 | 740 | |
| | | 58 (Latitude | | | | 2") | | | | | |
| May 24 | | 52 | 200 | 6.1 | 10.0 | .0 | .0 | 5 | 7.7 | 68 160 | |
| July 26 | 0154252 | 9.5 239 Lower Thr 59 (Latitude | | | | .1 4") | 5.0 | 3 | 2.3 | 160 | |
| May 24 | | 27 | 140 | 5.4 | 9.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 2 | 15 | 54 | |
| • | 0950 | 4.9 | 320 | 4.2 | 14.5 | .4 | 20 | ō | .0 | 140 | |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,
May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | Solids, dissolved (tons per ac-ft) | Solids, dissolved (tons per day | Aluminum, total recoverable (µg/L as Al) | Aluminum, dissolved (µg/L as Al) | Iron, total recoverable (µg/L as Fe) | Iron, dissolved (µg/L as Fe) | Manganese total recoveralbe (µg/L as Mn | Manganese, dissolved (μg/L as Mn) | Zinc, total recoverable (µg/L as Zn) | Zinc, dissolved (µg/L as Zn) |
|-----------------|---|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | | n near Karth 41°04'42", Lo | | ′8°05'31 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 July 2 | | | 300 400 | 300 400 | ^a 1,800 ^a 8,500 | ^a 1,900 ^a 8,700 | ^a 340 2,200 | ^a 360 2,100 | 70 ^a 60 | 36 ² 66 |
| ouly 2 | 01542498 | | tributary to V 41°06'44", Lo | Nest Branch | n Susquehar | • | • | 2,100 | 50 | 00 |
| May 2 | | | 8,600 | 8,500 | | 8,100 | ^a 4,900 | ^a 5,000 | 310 | 310 |
| July 2 | 01542500 | | 13,000 ch Susqueha 41°07'03", Lo | | | 8,000 | 5,900 | 5,800 | 370 | ^a 390 |
| May 2 | | • | 1,700 | 1,700 | 1,900 | 580 | 2,300 | 1,700 | | 180 |
| July 2 | 01542513 | Mosquito C | 3,000 Creek at railro 41°07'33", Lo | | | 450 6 | 4,100 | 4,100 | | 220 |
| May 2 July 2 | | | 400 300 | 400 300 | 370 170 | 60 72 | ^a 450 1,300 | ^a 470 1.300 | 80 70 | 71 55 |
| • | 01542515 Site No. 5 | | at Karthaus 41°07′12°, Lo | ongitude 07 | '8°05'48 ") | | | , | | |
| May 2 July 2 | | | 2,900 6,300 | 2,900 5,000 | 3,600 5,600 | 2,700 5,600 | ^a 4,900 27,000 | ^a 5,300 24,000 | ^a 200 630 | ^a 220 620 |
| | | | tributary to V 41°07'27", La | | | nna River ne | əar Karthaus | 5 | | |
| May 2 July 2 | | | 7,200 11,000 | 7,100 10,000 | 2,300 ^a 570 | 650 ^a 600 | ^a 3,000 6,500 | ^a 3,200 6,500 | ^a 220 ^a 320 | ^a 250 ^a 340 |
| ouly 2 | 01542521 | Saltiick Rur 6 (Latitude | • | • | | 000 | 0,500 | 0,500 | 320 | 340 |
| May 2 | | | 4,600 | 4,500 | 3,700 | 2,100 | ^a 9,400 | ^a 9,500 | ^a 440 | ^a 450 |
| July 2 | 01542522 | | 6,400 tributary to V 41°07'16 " , La | | | 690 nna River a | 22,000 Beiford | 22,000 | 890 | 820 |
| May 2 | | | 14,000 | 13,000 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 16,000 | 15,000 | 650 | 640 |
| July 2 | 01542523 | | 24,000 e Runs near 41°09'01", La | | | ^a 1,200 | 27,000 | 26,000 | 910 | 890 |
| May 2 | 24 | | 300 | 300 | 360 | 23 | ^a 240 | ^a 260 | 50 | 40 |
| July 2 | 015425239 | | <100 ee Runs nea 41°09'11", Lo | | | 21 | ^a 460 | ^a 480 | 40 | 39 |
| May 2 | 24 | | 500 | 500 | 340 | 23 | | 650 | 110 | 61 |
| July 2 | 26 | | 1,200 | 1,200 | 130 | 36 | 2,300 | 2,200 | ^a 170 | ^a 180 |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,

May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | Time | Streamflow, instan- taneous (ft ³ /s) | Specific conduct- ance (µS/cm) | pH (standard units) | Temper- ature (°C) | Acidity (mg/L as H) | Acidity (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Alkalinity, field (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Carbon dioxide, dissolved (mg/L as CO ₂) | Sulfate, dissolved (mg/L as SO ₄) | Solids, residue at 180 °C dissolved (mg/L) |
|----------|---------|---|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | 0154252 | 26 Sterling Ru | n near Pot | tersdale | | | | | | | |
| | | 60 (Latitude | | | 078°02'20 | ("נ | | | | | |
| May 24 | | 43 | 126 | 4.4 | 10.0 | 0.2 | 9.9 | 0 | 0.0 | - | |
| July 26 | 0950 | 8.0 | 262 | 3.9 | 14.0 | .4 | 20 | 0 | .0 | 90 | |
| | | 30 Loop Run (61 (Latitude | | | 078 11 1 | (יו | | | | | |
| May 24 | 1040 | 10 | 985 | 3.6 | 10.0 | 1.2 | 60 | 0 | .0 | 490 | |
| July 26 | | 1.9 | 2,180 | 3.4 | 15.5 | 4.4 | 218 | 0 | .0 | 1,900 | |
| | | 38 Spruce Ru 62 (Latitude | • | | 078°00'0 | פו | | | | | |
| May 24 | 1110 | 16 | 75 | 5.7 | 10.0 | .0 | .0 | 3 | 12 | 19 | |
| July 26 | | 3.7 | 40 | 4.7 | 13.0 | .2 | 9.9 | ō | .0 | 17 | |
| | | 10 Unnamed 63 (Latitude | - | | • | | River at S | pruce | | | |
| May 24 | 1125 | 11 | 57 | 6.6 | 11.0 | .0 | .0 | 2 | 1.0 | 16 | |
| July 26 | 1115 | E.07 | 86 | 6.5 | 15.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 14 | 8.6 | 17 | |
| | | 18 Bougher R 64 (Latitude | | | 077°59'19 | ?") | | | | | |
| May 24 | 1130 | 13 | 31 | 5.6 | 9.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 2 | 9.7 | 10 | |
| July 26 | 1125 | 2.1 | 36 | 5.8 | 13.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 3 | 9.2 | 17 | |
| | | 50 Little Boug 65 (Latitude | | | 077°59 '12 | 2") | | | | | |
| May 24 | 1200 | 3.4 | 39 | 5.4 | 11.5 | .0 | .0 | 1 | 7.7 | 13 | |
| July 26 | 1200 | .13 | 47 | 4.8 | 17.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 1 | 31 | 13 | |
| | | 53 Leaning Pi 66 (Latitude | | | 0 77°58 '18 | つ | | | | | |
| May 24 | 1225 | .52 | 35 | 7.0 | 11.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 2 | .4 | 10 | |
| _ | | 57 Moores Ru 67 (Latitude | | Longitude | 077°58'18 | ר | | | | | |
| May 24 | | 3.0 | 38 | 5.8 | 10.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 3 | 9.2 | 25 | |
| July 26 | | .17 | 37 | 4.8 | 14.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 1 | 31 | 10 | |
| _ | | 50 Sugarcam 68 (Latitude | | | 077°58'2 | 57) | | | | | |
| May 24 | 1300 | 1.9 | 80 | 4.9 | 11.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 1 | 24 | 20 | |
| , | 0154256 | 55 Birch Island 69 (Latitude | d Run at Bir | rch | | | | - | _ - | | |
| May 24 | | 52 | 60 | 5.0 | 12.0 | .l | 5.0 | 1 | 19 | 22 | |
| July 26 | | 7.6 | 83 | 4.6 | 15.5 | .1 | 5.0 | Ô | 0. | 28 | |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,

May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | dis (to | olids, solved ns per c-ft) | Solids, dissolved (tons per day | Aluminum, total recoverable (µg/L as Al) | Aluminum, dissolved (µg/L as Al) | Iron, total recoverable (µg/L as Fe) | Iron, dissolved (µg/L as Fe) | Manganese total recoveralbe (μg/L as Mn | Manganese, dissolved (μg/L as Mn) | Zinc, total recoverable (µg/L as Zn) | Zinc, dissolved (µg/L as Zn) |
|------|------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | | | n near Potte 41°09'10 " , Lo | | 8°02'20 ") | | | | | |
| May | 24 | | | 1,000 | 1,000 | 300 | 26 | 1,300 | 1,300 | 90 | 88 |
| July | 26 | | | 1,700 | 1,700 | 140 | 18 | ^a 3,100 | ^a 3,300 | ^a 160 | ^a 180 |
| | | | | at Loop Run 41°09'12 " , Lo | ongitude 07 | 8°01'11 ") | | | | | |
| May | 24 | | | 6,100 | 6,000 | | 1,700 | 16,000 | 15,000 | ^a 610 | ^a 640 |
| July | 26 | | | 22,000 | 22,000 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 55,000 | 54,000 | | 2,200 |
| | | | Spruce Rur 2 (Latitude : | n at Spruce 41°08'54", Lo | ongitude 07 | 8°00'01 ") | | | | | |
| May | 24 | | | 200 | 200 | 390 | 7 | 10 | 3 | 30 | 10 |
| July | 26 | | | <100 | <100 | 100 | 6 | 40 | 9 | 10 | 10 |
| | | | | tributary to V 41°09'39", La | | n Susquehan 8°00'09") | na River at | Spruce | | | |
| May | | | | 200 | 200 | 420 | 13 | 20 | 11 | 60 | 26 |
| July | 01 | | | <100 un near Birch 41°09'42°, La | | 190 7°59'19 ") | 57 | 110 | 110 | 10 | 8 |
| May | 24 | | | <100 | <100 | 170 | 7 | <10 | 5 | 50 | 17 |
| July | 26 | | | <100 | <100 | 110 | 14 | 40 | 17 | 20 | 13 |
| | | | | ner Run near 41°10'00", Lo | | 7°59'12 ") | | | | | |
| May | 24 | | | 100 | <100 | 220 | 8 | 30 | 22 | 60 | 26 |
| July | 26 | | | <100 | <100 | 90 | 10 | 40 | 33 | 30 | 26 |
| | | | | ne Run at Bir 41°10'42", Lo | | 7°58'18 ") | | | | | |
| May | 24 | | | 100 | 100 | 210 | 5 | <10 | 3 | 40 | 33 |
| | | | Moores Rur 7 (Latitude 4 | n at Birch 41°11'04 " , Lo | ngitude 077 | 7°58'18 ") | | | | | |
| May | | | | 200 | 100 | 240 | 6 | <10 | 1 | ^a 10 | a11 |
| July | 26 | | | <100 | <100 | 70 | 5 | <10 | <1 | ^a 30 | ^a 33 |
| | | | | o Run at Birc 41°11'11", Lo | | 7°58'26 ") | | | | | |
| May | 24 | | | <100 | <100 | 230 | 9 | ^a 80 | ^a 84 | 40 | 35 |
| - | 018 | | | Run at Birch 41°11'45", Lo | | 7°58'28 ") | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| May | 24 | | | 400 | 400 | 200 | 20 | ^a 200 | ^a 210 | 80 | 31 |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,
May and July, 1984-Continued

| Dec | Tr. | Streamflow, instantaneous | Specific conduct- | pH (standard | Temper- | Acidity (mg/L | Acidity (mg/L as | Alkalinity, field (mg/L as | Carbon dioxide, dissolved (mg/L | Sulfate, dissolved (mg/L | Solids, residue at 180 °C dissolved |
|---------|------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Date | Time | (ft ³ /s) | (µS/cm) | units) | (°C) | as H) | CaCO ₃) | CaCO ₃) | as CO ₂) | as SO ₄) | (mg/L) |
| | | 57 Unnamed 70 (Latitude | | | | | River at B | irch | | | |
| May 24 | | 0.07 | 38 | 6.4 | 9.0 | 0.1 | 5.0 | 6 | 4.6 | 11 | |
| July 26 | | E.10 | 42 | 6.1 | 11.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 5 | 7.7 | 10 | |
| | | 70 Black Sturr 71 (Latttude | | | 077°57'58 | 3") | | | | | |
| May 24 | | 1.0 | 94 | 6.9 | 11.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 3 | .7 | 23 | |
| July 26 | | .05 | 100 | 5.1 | 16.0 | .2 | 9.9 | 4 | 62 | 34 | |
| | _ | 75 Grove Run 72 (Latitude | | | 077°57'4 | 5") | | | | | |
| May 24 | | 13 | 126 | 6.4 | 13.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 2 | 1.5 | 44 | |
| July 26 | | .23 | 272 | 5.0 | 16.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 2 | 39 | 110 | |
| | | 77 Unnamed 73 (Latitude | | | | | ı Kiver ned | IL RILCU | | | |
| May 24 | 1515 | 2.0 | 32 | 5.5 | 11.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 2 | 12 | 11 | |
| | | 38 Fields Run 74 (Latitude | | Longitude | 077°56'5 | 3") | | | | | |
| May 24 | | 17 | 33 | 6.8 | 11.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 3 | .9 | 9.4 | |
| July 26 | | 2.9 | 36 | 5.7 | 14.5 | .0 | .0 | 2 | 7.7 | 9.4 | |
| | | 78 Unnamed 75 (Latitude | | | | | ı River ned | ir Camp Mil | er | | |
| May 24 | 1530 | .67 | 35 | 6.7 | 12.0 | .0 | .0 | 3 | 1.2 | 11 | |
| | | 03 Yost Run n 76 (Latitude | | | 077°55'48 | B ") | | | | | |
| May 24 | | 22 | 32 | 6.4 | 11.0 | .0 | .0 | 3 | 2.3 | 8. 9 | |
| July 26 | | 3.0 | 37 | 7.2 | 14.5 | .0 | .0 | 5 | .6 | 12 | |
| | | 04 Unnamed . 77 (Latitude | | | | | ı River ned | ır Camp Mii | er | | |
| May 24 | | 3.0 | 39 | 7.6 | 10.5 | .0 | .0 | 6 | .3 | 8.8 | |
| July 26 | | .33 | 40 | 5.3 | 15.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 4 | 39 | 14 | |
| | | 05 Morris Run 78 (Latitude | | | 077°55'0 | (" [| | | | | |
| May 24 | 1620 | 3.1 | 33 | 6.6 | 12.0 | .0 | .0 | 4 | 1.9 | 12 | |
| | | 06 Dry Run ne 79 (Latitude | | | 077°54'3 | 9") | | | | | |
| May 24 | 1700 | .26 | 60 | 6.5 | 10.5 | .0 | .0 | 5 | 3.1 | 13 | |
| | | 07 Burns Run i . 80 (Latitude | | • | • | O") | | | | | |
| May 24 | | 19 | 41 | 6.4 | 12.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 1 | .8 | 9.1 | |
| • | 1620 | 4.2 | 38 | 6.1 | 15.0 | .0 | .0 | 5 | 7.7 | 8.5 | |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,

May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | Solids, dissolved (tons per ac-ft) | Solids, dissolved (tons per day | Aluminum, total recoverable (µg/L as Al) | Aluminum, dissolved (µg/L as Al) | Iron, total recoverable (µg/L as Fe) | Iron, dissolved (µg/L as Fe) | Manganese total recoveralbe (µg/L as Mn | Manganese, dissolved (μg/L as Mn) | Zinc, total recoverable (µg/L as Zn) | Zinc, dissolved (µg/L as Zn) |
|---------|---|--|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | | tributary to \ 41°11'46", Lo | | n Susquehan 7°58'20") | na River at | t Birch | | | |
| May 24 | | | <100 | <100 | 210 | 3 | <10 | <1 | ^a 20 | a2 3 |
| July 26 | | | <100 | <100 | | 4 | 20 | <1 | 30 | 28 |
| | | | p Run at Bird 41°12'38", Lo | | 7°57'58 ") | | | | | |
| May 24 | | | 100 | 100 | 290 | 21 | <10 | 4 | ^a 30 | ^a 38 |
| July 26 | | | <100 | <100 | 160 | 11 | 40 | 15 | 60 | 29 |
| | | Grove Run 2 (Latitude | near Birch 41°12'57", Lo | ongitude 07 | 7°57'45 ") | | | | | |
| May 24 | | | 200 | 200 | 200 | 11 | ^a 730 | ^a 740 | | 100 |
| July 26 | ŝ <i></i> | | 200 | 200 | 80 | 6 | 710 | 670 | ^a 140 | ^a 170 |
| | | | tributary to V 41°13'05", Lo | | n Susquehan 7°57'32 ") | na River ne | ear Birch | | | |
| May 24 | 1 | | <100 | <100 | 170 | 5 | 50 | 35 | 60 | 17 |
| | | Fields Run r 4 (Latitude : | near Birch 41°12'42", Lo | ngitude 07 | 7°56'53 ") | | | | | |
| May 24 | 1 | | <100 | <100 | 160 | 4 | 10 | 1 | 20 | 17 |
| July 26 | ò | | <100 | <100 | 100 | 6 | 10 | <1 | 20 | 6 |
| | | | tributary to V 41°13'38", La | | n Susquehan 7°56'07 ") | na River ne | ear Camp M | liller | | |
| May 24 | 1 | | <100 | <100 | 170 | 6 | <10 | <1 | 20 | 16 |
| | | | ear Camp Bl 41°13'34", Lo | | 7°55'48 ") | | | | | |
| May 24 | 1 | | <100 | <100 | 170 | 5 | 10 | <1 | 20 | 25 |
| July 26 | 3 | | <100 | <100 | 70 | 5 | 10 | 1 | ^a 20 | ^a 27 |
| | | | tributary to V 41°13'51", Lo | | n Susquehan 7°55'08 ") | na River ne | ear Camp M | liller | | |
| May 24 | | | <100 | <100 | 200 | 17 | <10 | 6 | 20 | <3 |
| July 26 | S | | <100 | <100 | 180 | 22 | 20 | 7 | 20 | 3 |
| | | | near Camp 41°14'15", La | | 7°55'01 ") | | | | | |
| May 24 | | | <100 | <100 | 160 | 8 | <10 | 2 | 20 | 12 |
| | | | ar Camp Mil 41°14'41", La | | 7°54'39 ") | | | | | |
| May 24 | . | | 200 | 200 | 180 | 5 | <10 | <1 | | 34 |
| • | 01542607 | | near Bloody 41°14'46", La | Run Camp | | - | | | | - 3 |
| May 24 | | | 100 | 100 | 170 | 5 | 10 | <l< td=""><td>30</td><td>12</td></l<> | 30 | 12 |
| | | | | | | _ | | | | |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,

May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | Time | Streamflow, instan- taneous (ft ³ /s) | Specific conduct- ance (µS/cm) | pH (standard units) | Temper- ature (°C) | Acidity (mg/L as H) | Acidity (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Alkalinity, field (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Carbon dioxide, dissolved (mg/L as CO ₂) | Sulfate, dissolved (mg/L as SO ₄) | Solids, residue at 180 °C dissolved (mg/L) |
|-------------------|----------|---|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | 08 Jews Run o 81 (Latitude | | Longitude | 077°53'5 | l ") | | | | | |
| May 24 July 26 | | 2.7 .50 | 27 24 | 6.2 6.0 | 10.0 15.0 | 0.1 .0 | 5.0 .0 | 4 4 | 4.9 7.7 | 7.2 8.7 | |
| ouly 20 | | .50 9 West Brand | | | | | .0 | 4 | 7.7 | 0.7 | |
| | Site No. | 82 (Latitude | 41°15'40", | Longitude | 077°54'0 | 6") | | | | | |
| May 25 July 26 | | 4,300 804 | 310 735 | 4.1 4.0 | 16.5 15.0 | .4 .6 | 20 30 | 0 0 | .0 .0 | 120 250 | 402 |
| · | | 60 Sinnemah 83 (Latitude | | | | (יים | | | | | |
| May 25 | | 3,370 | 91 | 6.4 | 13.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 3 | 2.3 | 24 | |
| July 26 | 015442 | 331 10 Cooks Rur 84 (Latitude | | | 25.5 077°53'0 | .0 7 ") | .0 | 4 | 4.9 | 49 | |
| May 25 | | 48 | 272 | 3.6 | 12.5 | .8 | 40 | 0 | .0 | 80 | |
| July 27 | 015442 | 36 12 Milligan Ru 85 (Latitude | | | 15.5 077°52'5 | 1.8 | 89 | 0 | .0 | 160 | |
| May 25 | | 3.3 | 1,620 | 2.8 | 13.5 | 9.6 | 477 | 0 | .0 | 740 | |
| July 27 | 015442 | 3.7 14 Smith Run 86 (Latitude | | | 16.0 077°52'13 | 6.4 3") | 318 | 0 | .0 | 930 | |
| May 25 | | 6.1 | 30 | 7.5 | 11.5 | .0 | .0 | 3 | .2 | 21 | |
| July 27 | | 3.7 | 29 | 6.2 | 14.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 3 | 3.7 | 7.0 | |
| | | 16 North Smit 87 (Latitude | | | 077°51'5 | 1") | | , | | | |
| May 25 | | 1.3 | 230 | 3.9 | 12.0 | .5 | 25 | 0 | .0 | 71 | |
| July 27 | 015442 | .61 18 Fish Dam F 88 (Latitude | | | 15.5 077°51'14 | 1.8 4") | 89 | 0 | .0 | 360 | |
| May 25 | 1305 | 23 | 60 | 6.6 | 12.0 | .0 | .0 | 7 | 3.4 | 13 | |
| July 27 | | 7.5 | 66 | 6.7 | 15.0 | .0 | .0 | 7 | 2.7 | 11 | |
| | Site No. | 20 Kettle Cre 89 (Latitude | 41°18'02", | Longitude | | | | | | | |
| May 25 July 27 | | 694 269 | 82 197 | 6.0 4.1 | 17.5 19.5 | .1 .6 | 5.0 30 | 7 0 | 14 .0 | 21 7 2 | |
| , | 0154502 | 24 Dry Run at 90 (Latitude | Westport | | | | | - | | | |
| May 25 | | 2.2 | 22 0 | 4.6 | 12.5 | .3 | 15 | 1 | 49 | 89 | |
| July 27 | 1335 | .71 | 383 | 4.1 | 15.0 | .6 | 30 | 0 | .0 | 1 70 | |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,

May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | Solids, dissolved (tons per ac-ft) | Solids, dissolved (tons per day | Aluminum, total recoverable (µg/L as Al) | Aluminum, dissolved (µg/L as Al) | Iron, total recoverable (µg/L as Fe) | Iron, dissolved (µg/L as Fe) | Manganese total recoveralbe (µg/L as Mn | Manganese, dissolved (μg/L as Mn) | Zinc, total recoverable (µg/L as Zn) | Zinc, dissolved (µg/L as Zn) |
|-----------------|---|--|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | Jews Run c 1 (Latitude | at Keating 41°15′10°, Lo | ongitude 07 | 7°53'51 ") | | | | | |
| May 3 | | | 200 | 100 <100 | 150 70 | <3 | 10 <10 | <1 | 30 | 6 14 |
| July 2 | 01542609 | | <100 ch Susqueha 41°15'40", Lo | nna River c | it Keating | 6 | <10 | 2 | | 14 |
| May 2 | | | 1,700 | 1,500 | 1,300 | 280 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 120 | 99 |
| July 2 | 01544150 | Sinnemaho | 2,400 oning Creek 41°15'41", Lo | | 230 7°54'10 ") | 190 | 4,100 | 4,000 | ² 220 | ^a 250 |
| May 2 | | | 500 | 400 | 320 | 28 | 150 | 140 | 20 | 15 |
| July : | 01544210 | | 100 near Keatin: 41°16'39", Lo | | 180 7°53'07 ") | 9 | 270 | 250 | 20 | 14 |
| May 2 July 2 | | | 4,000 5,000 | 3,800 4,700 | ^a 3,700 | ^a 4,000 | | 920 | 110 | 110 210 |
| • | 01544212 Site No. 85 | Miiligan Ru | n near Keatl 41°16'45", Lo | ng Ingitude 07 | 6,300 7°52'56 ") | 6,300 | 2,100 | 2,100 | | |
| May 2 July 2 | | | 29,000 9,000 | 29,000 6,000 | | 46,000 19,000 | 12,000 a16,000 | 12,000 a17,000 | 9,600 1,000 | 990 990 |
| • | 01544214 | | near Westpo 41°16'38", Lo | rt | 7°52'13 ") | , | , | 2., | -• | |
| May 2 July 2 | | | 500 <100 | 400 <100 | 260 140 | 22 20 | 10 10 | 5 5 | 60 ^a 20 | 35 ² 23 |
| ouly 2 | 01544216 | | n Run near W 41°16'38", Lo | /estport | | 20 | 10 | 3 | 20 | 23 |
| May 2 | | | 2,000 | 1,800 | 440 | 97 | 85 000 | 1,100 | 100 | 100 |
| July 2 | 01544218 | | 8,000 un near Wes 41°16'37", Lo | | 420 7°51'14 ") | 330 | ^a 5,000 | ^a 5,200 | ^a 320 | ^a 340 |
| May 2 | | | 400 | 300 | 390 | 9 | <10 | 1 | 40 | 20 |
| July 2 | 01545020 | | 100 ek at Westpo 41°18'02", Lo | | 90 7°50'20 ') | 11 | 20 | 4 | | 20 |
| May 2 | | | 700 | <100 | 660 | 39 | 270 | 260 | 40 | 26 |
| July 2 | 01545024 | Dry Run at) (Latitude : | 1,800 Westport 41°18'44", Lo | 1,800 ngitude 07 | 2,400 7°50'11") | 240 | 1,500 | 1,400 | 90 | 87 |
| May 2 | | | 2,000 | 1,200 | 390 | 25 | ^a 1,500 | ^a 1,600 | 130 | 120 |
| July 2 | 27 | | 2,100 | 2,100 | 90 | 12 | 2,500 | 2,500 | ^a 180 | ^a 190 |

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,
May and July, 1984-continued

| Date | Time | Streamflow, instan- taneous (ft ³ /s) | Specific conduct- ance (µS/cm) | pH (standard units) | Temper- ature (°C) | Acidity (mg/L as H) | Acidity (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Alkalinity, field (mg/L as CaCO ₃) | Carbon dioxide, dissolved (mg/L as CO ₂) | Sulfate, dissolved (mg/L as SO ₄) | Solids, residue at 180 °C dissolved (mg/L) |
|---------|----------|---|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | 015//503 | 30 Barney Rur | n at Westn | ort | | | | | | | |
| | | 91 (Latitude | • | | 077°49'17 | 7") | | | | | |
| May 25 | | 11 | 28 | 7.0 | 12.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.8 | 8.3 | |
| July 27 | 1130 | 5.1 | 33 | 6.8 | 13.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 7 | 2.1 | 7.9 | |
| | | 35 Dry Run at 92 (Latitude | | Longitude | 077°48'40 | O") | | | | | |
| May 25 | 1425 | .56 | 36 | 6.4 | 9.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 4 | 3.1 | 12 | |
| July 27 | 1230 | E.02 | 42 | 5.9 | 13.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 4 | 9.8 | 13 | |
| | | 15 Shintown F 93 (Latitude | | | 077°48'0' | 3"1 | | | | | |
| May 25 | | 13 | 37 | 6.2 | 13.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 2 | 2.4 | 13 | |
| July 27 | | 7.4 | 47 | 5.5 | 15.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 2 | 12 | 16 | |
| | | 55 Hall Run at 94 (Latitude | | Longitude | 077°47'20 | O*) | | | | | |
| May 25 | 1440 | 21 | 52 | 7.3 | 14.0 | .0 | .0 | 8 | .8 | 12 | |
| July 27 | 1250 | 5.1 | 70 | 6.7 | 15.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 10 | 3.9 | 10 | |
| | | 92 Drury Run 95 (Latitude | | | 077°46'3 | 7") | | | | | |
| May 25 | | 34 | 270 | 4.3 | 13.0 | .3 | 15 | 0 | .0 | 99 | |
| July 27 | 1340 | 30 | 408 | 4.2 | 15.5 | .5 | 25 | 0 | 0. | 180 | |
| | | 94 Brewery Ru 96 (Latitude | | | 077°46'2 | 5*) | | | | | |
| May 25 | | 4.4 | 77 | 7.8 | 14.0 | | | 4 | .1 | 26 | |
| July 27 | 1335 | 1.6 | 94 | 6.4 | 15.0 | .0 | .0 | 7 | 5.4 | 30 | |
| | | 98 Peters Run 97 (Latitude | | - | 077°45'04 | 4") | | , | | | |
| May 25 | 1620 | 2.2 | 47 | 6.5 | 12.5 | .1 | 5.0 | 2 | 1.2 | 11 | |
| July 27 | 1425 | 1.4 | 51 | 5.8 | 14.0 | .1 | 5.0 | 8 | 25 | 11 | |
| | | 00 West Brand 98 (Latitude | - | | | | | | | | |
| May 25 | 1600 | 8,670 | 200 | 4.6 | 17.5 | .2 | 9.9 | 0 | .0 | 72 | 134 |
| July 27 | 1420 | 1,750 | 392 | 3.8 | 21.5 | .3 | 15 | 0 | .0 | 160 | 274 |

^a Results within limits of analytical precision.

Table 3.-Water-quality data collected from West Branch Susquehanna River basin,

May and July, 1984-Continued

| Date | Solids, dissolved (tons per ac-ft) | Solids, dissolved (tons per day | Aluminum, total recoverable (μg/L as Al) | Aluminum, dissolved (μg/L as Al) | Iron, total recoverable (µg/L as Fe) | Iron, dissolved (µg/L as Fe) | Manganese total recoveralbe (μg/L as Mn | Manganese, dissolved (μg/L as Mn) | Zinc, total recoverable (µg/L as Zn) | Zinc, dissolved (µg/L as Zn) |
|------------------|---|--|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | | n at Westpor 41°18'28", Lo | | 7°49'17 ") | | | | | |
| May 2 | | | 100 | <100 | 380 | 7 9 | 10 | 1 | ^a 40 | ^a 52 |
| July 2 | 01545035 | Dry Run at 2 (Latitude | <100 Shintown 41°18'06", Lo | <100 ongitude 07 | 90 7°48'40 ") | 9 | 10 | <1 | 20 | 6 |
| May 2 July 2 | | | 100 <100 | <100 <100 | 350 270 | 5 20 | 10 20 | <1 6 | 30 20 | 8 6 |
| ouly 2 | 01545045 | | un at Shinto 41°18'21", Lo | wn | | 20 | 20 | Ū | 20 | J |
| May 29 July 2 | | | 100 <100 | <100 <100 | 190 160 | 4 17 | 20 20 | 15 7 | 50 30 | 12 10 |
| May 2 | Site No. 9 | Hail Run at 4 (Latitude | Shintown 41°19'07", Lo 200 | ongitude 07 100 | 7°47′20 ") 190 | <3 | <10 | 2 | 20 | 21 |
| July 2 | 7 01545492 | Drury Run o | <100 at Renovo | <100 | 120 | 6 | 10 | 2 | | 23 |
| May 2 July 2 | 5 | | 41°19'33", Lo 2,300 3,500 | 2,200 3,500 | 220 200 | 97 86 | 3,100 a6,000 | 3,100 a6,200 | 150 ^a 220 | 140 a 240 |
| | | | ın at Renova 41°19'31", La | | 7°46'25 ") | | | | | |
| May 2! July 2 | | | <100 <100 | <100 <100 | 90 80 | <3 10 | 30 10 | 25 5 | 30 | 28 34 |
| ouly 2 | 01545498 | Peters Run (Latitude 4 | | | | 10 | 10 | 3 | | 34 |
| May 2 | | | 300 | 300 | 150 | 11 | 20 | 2 | 50 | 24 |
| July 2 | 01545500 | | 100 ch Susqueha 41°19'28", La | | | 19 | 20 | 2 | ² 20 | ^a 18 |
| May 2 | 5 .18 | 3 3,140 | 900 | 800 | 740 | 150 | ² 900 | ^a 950 | 80 | 63 |
| July 2 | 7 .37 | 7 1,290 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 190 | 110 | 2,600 | 2,500 | 140 | 130 |